

CELANESE CORP

FORM 8-K (Current report filing)

Filed 09/20/12 for the Period Ending 09/20/12

Address	222 W. LAS COLINAS BLVD., SUITE 900N IRVING, TX, 75039-5421
Telephone	972-443-4000
CIK	0001306830
Symbol	CE
SIC Code	2820 - Plastic Material, Synthetic Resin/Rubber, Cellulos (No Glass)
Industry	Commodity Chemicals
Sector	Basic Materials
Fiscal Year	12/31

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

Current Report

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): **September 20, 2012**

CELANESE CORPORATION
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE

001-32410

98-0420726

(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation)

(Commission File
Number)

(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

222 West Las Colinas Blvd. Suite 900N, Irving, TX 75039
(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(972) 443-4000**

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report):

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure*

On September 20, 2012, Celanese Corporation (the "Company") will showcase its current and developing technology platforms at its Technology Day for investors beginning at 9:00 a.m., Eastern time, in Houston, Texas. The conference, hosted by Mark Rohr, chairman and chief executive officer, will be webcast live on www.celanese.com.

The Company issued a press release in advance of the conference. A copy of the press release is attached to this Current Report on Form 8-K ("Current Report") as Exhibit 99.1 and is incorporated herein solely for purposes of this Item 7.01 disclosure.

A copy of the slide presentation that will be referred to during the investor conference is attached to this Current Report as Exhibit 99.2 and is incorporated herein solely for purposes of this Item 7.01 disclosure. The slide presentation also may be accessed on our website at www.celanese.com under Investor/Events & Presentations.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits

(d) Exhibits

Exhibit

Number Descriptions

99.1 Press Release dated September 20, 2012*

99.2 Slide Presentation given by Celanese Corporation at its Technology Day in Houston, Texas on September 20, 2012*

*In connection with the disclosure set forth in Item 7.01, the information in this Current Report, including the exhibits attached hereto, is being furnished and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of such section. The information in this Current Report, including the exhibits, shall not be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, regardless of any incorporation by reference language in any such filing. This Current Report will not be deemed an admission as to the materiality of any information in this Current Report that is required to be disclosed solely by Regulation FD.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

CELANESE CORPORATION

By: /s/ James R. Peacock III
Name: James R. Peacock III
Title: Vice President, Deputy General Counsel and Assistant Corporate Secretary

Date: September 20, 2012

Exhibit Index

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Celanese Corporation
222 West Las Colinas Blvd.
Suite 900N
Irving, Texas 75039

**Celanese Corporation Hosts 2012 Technology Day for Investors;
Highlights Technology-Enabled and Customer-Focused Growth Strategies**

DALLAS, September 20, 2012 --- Celanese Corporation (NYSE:CE), a global technology and specialty materials company, today will showcase its current and developing technology platforms at its Technology Day for investors in Houston, Texas. These platforms build on the company's capabilities and will enable it to deliver higher, more consistent growth. The conference, hosted by Mark Rohr, chairman and chief executive officer, will be webcast live on www.celanese.com beginning at 9:00 a.m. Eastern time. Following the conference, investors will tour Celanese's Clear Lake, Texas facility, including the TCX[®] ethanol technology development unit.

"Technology will help drive Celanese's future growth and transformation. Celanese's leading industry positions are based on unique technology platforms throughout our portfolio of businesses. These platforms are focused on developing advantaged cost positions as well as differentiated solutions based on customer needs," Rohr said. "In particular, Celanese's technology platforms allow us to address global trends like resource scarcity, the growing middle class, increased environmental awareness, technology trends, and safety, health and wellness. Our ability to use current and develop new technologies is expected to result in a stronger growth profile with lower earnings volatility and higher returns on capital, ultimately driving increased shareholder value."

At today's conference, Celanese will highlight its AOPlus[®] Technology and TCX[®] Technology. AOPlus[®] Technology provides the company with an unmatched cost advantage in its production of acetic acid and derivatives along with increased product optionality and significant additional growth opportunities. Building on its acetic acid technology platform, TCX[®] Technology allows Celanese to produce ethanol at the lowest cost compared to alternative liquid fuel technologies. The company will provide an update on the progress of its commercialization efforts in ethanol and showcase the TCX[®] Technology development unit, which supports the company's continuing technology development in both industrial-grade and fuel ethanol.

The company will also demonstrate how it combines advanced chemistry with engineering and application expertise to develop customer-focused solutions that address global macro trends and access broad opportunities for growth, including:

- The company's expertise in highly engineered polymers which enables automakers to reduce weight and meet increasing fuel efficiency standards and assists technology equipment makers in responding to customer demands for increased mobility and functionality
 - Celanese's recently announced CelFX[™] matrix technology which creates a matrix structure to support product innovation in filter media
 - The company's unique SunsationSM sweetening technology platform which allows beverage makers to respond to health and wellness needs by reducing calories without sacrificing taste
-

The conference will be available by webcast on www.celanese.com in the investor section. Presentation materials will be available approximately 30 minutes prior to the start of the webcast. A replay of the conference will also be available on www.celanese.com in the investor section following the conference.

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Contacts:

Investor Relations	Media Relations
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Jon.Puckett@celanese.com	Linda.Beheler@celanese.com

About Celanese

Celanese Corporation is a global technology leader in the production of specialty materials and chemical products that are used in most major industries and consumer applications. Our products, essential to everyday living, are manufactured in North America, Europe and Asia. Known for operational excellence, sustainability and premier safety performance, Celanese delivers value to customers around the globe with best-in-class technologies. Based in Dallas, Texas, the company employs approximately 7,600 employees worldwide and had 2011 net sales of \$6.8 billion, with approximately 73% generated outside of North America. For more information about Celanese Corporation and its global product offerings, visit www.celanese.com or the company's blog at www.celaneseblog.com.

Forward-Looking Statements

This release may contain "forward-looking statements," which include information concerning the company's plans, objectives, goals, strategies, capital expenditures, financing needs and other information that is not historical information. When used in this release, the words "outlook," "forecast," "estimates," "expects," "anticipates," "projects," "plans," "intends," "believes," "will," and variations of such words or similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements are based upon current expectations and beliefs and various assumptions, including the proposed plant construction. There can be no assurance that the company will realize these expectations or that these beliefs will prove correct. There are a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained in this release, including with respect to the plant. Numerous factors, many of which are beyond the company's control, could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed as forward-looking statements. Other risk factors include those that are discussed in the company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it is made, and the company undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which it is made or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events or circumstances.



Celanese Corporation 2012 Technology Day

September 20, 2012

Agenda

Transformation
Through
Technology

- 8:00 am **Welcome & Agenda**
Jon Puckett, Vice President, Investor Relations
- 8:05 am **Transformation Through Technology**
Mark Rohr, Chairman & Chief Executive Officer
- 8:20 am **Acetyl Chain Chemistry**
Scott Richardson, Vice President & General Manager, Acetyl Intermediates
- 8:40 am **Advanced Fuel Technologies**
Steven Sterin, Senior Vice President & Chief Financial Officer and President,
Advanced Fuel Technologies
John Fotheringham, Vice President and General Manager, Advanced Fuel
Technologies
- 9:00 am **Specialty Engineering Polymers**
Phil McDivitt, Vice President & General Manager, Advanced Engineered Materials
- 9:20 am **Cellulosic Technologies**
Todd Elliott, Vice President and General Manager, Celanese Acetate
- 9:35 am **Sweetener Solutions**
Diana Peninger, Vice President and General Manager, EVA Performance Polymers
- 9:50 am **Technology Showcase**
- 11:20 am **Balancing Growth and Shareholder Returns**
Steven Sterin
- 11:35 am **Q&A**



Forward-Looking Statements

Use and Reconciliation of Non-U.S. GAAP Measures to U.S. GAAP Measures

Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation and remarks made as part of this presentation contain "forward-looking statements," which include information concerning the company's plans, objectives, goals, strategies, future revenues or performance, capital expenditures, financing needs and other information that is not historical information. When used in this presentation and related remarks, the words "outlook," "forecast," "estimates," "expects," "anticipates," "projects," "plans," "intends," "believes," "may," "can," "could," "might," "will" and variations of such words or similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements are based upon current expectations and beliefs and various assumptions. There can be no assurance that the company will realize these expectations or that these beliefs will prove correct.

There are a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation and related remarks. These risks and uncertainties include, among other things: changes in general economic, business, political and regulatory conditions in the countries or regions in which we operate; the length and depth of product and industry business cycles, particularly in the automotive, electrical, textiles, electronics and construction industries; changes in the price and availability of raw materials, particularly changes in the demand for, supply of, and market prices of ethylene, methanol, natural gas, wood pulp and fuel oil and the prices for electricity and other energy sources; the ability to pass increases in raw material prices on to customers or otherwise improve margins through price increases; the ability to maintain plant utilization rates and to implement planned capacity additions and expansions; the ability to improve productivity by implementing technological improvements to existing plants; increased price competition and the introduction of competing products by other companies; market acceptance of our technology; the ability to obtain governmental approvals and to construct facilities on terms and schedules acceptable to the company; changes in the degree of intellectual property and other legal protection afforded to our products or technology, or the theft of such intellectual property; compliance and other costs and potential disruption or interruption of production or operations due to accidents, cyber security incidents, terrorism or political unrest or other unforeseen events or delays in construction or operation of facilities, including as a result of geopolitical conditions, including the occurrence of acts of war or terrorist incidents, or as a result of weather or natural disasters; potential liability for remedial actions and increased costs under existing or future environmental regulations, including those relating to climate change; potential liability resulting from pending or future litigation, or from changes in the laws, regulations or policies of governments or other governmental activities in the countries in which we operate; changes in currency exchange rates and interest rates; our level of indebtedness, which could diminish our ability to raise additional capital to fund operations or limit our ability to react to changes in the economy or the chemicals industry; and various other factors discussed from time to time in the company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

In addition to the risks and uncertainties identified above, the following risks and uncertainties, among others, could cause the company's actual results regarding its initiatives involving the use of advanced technology for the production of ethanol for chemical applications and other uses to differ materially from the results expressed or implied in these materials: the impact of technological developments and competition; our ability to obtain licenses of, or other access to, alternative ethanol production processes on attractive terms; unanticipated operational or commercialization difficulties, including failure of facilities or processes to operate in accordance with specifications or expectations; the cost and availability of capital necessary to fund plant construction and expansion; the unavailability of required materials and equipment; changes in the price and availability of commodities and supplies; the ability to achieve the anticipated cost structure; the growth in demand for products produced from our technology in certain industries or geographic regions; the adoption of new or different industry or regulatory standards; and the ability of third parties, including our commercial partners or suppliers, to comply with their commitments to us.

Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which they are made, and the company undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which it is made or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events or circumstances.

Results Unaudited

The results in this presentation, together with the adjustments made to present the results on a comparable basis, have not been audited and are based on internal financial data furnished to management. Quarterly and full fiscal year results should not be taken as an indication of the results of operations to be reported for any subsequent period or for the full fiscal year.

Non-U.S. GAAP Financial Measures

Non-U.S. GAAP Financial Measures

This presentation reflects the following performance measures: operating EBITDA, operating EBIT, return on invested capital (ROIC), net debt and adjusted free cash flow as non-U.S. GAAP measures. These measurements are not recognized in accordance with U.S. GAAP and should not be viewed as an alternative to U.S. GAAP measures of performance. The most directly comparable financial measure presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP in our consolidated financial statements for operating EBITDA and business operating EBITDA is net income; for proportional affiliate EBITDA is equity in net earnings of affiliates; for affiliate EBITDA is operating profit; for adjusted earnings per share is earnings per common share-diluted; for net debt is total debt; and for adjusted free cash flow is cash flow from operations. Reconciliations of the non-U.S. GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP financial measure are included in the Appendix.

Non-U.S. GAAP Definitions

- Operating EBITDA, a measure used by management to measure performance, is defined by the company as net earnings minus interest income plus loss (earnings) from discontinued operations, interest expense, income taxes and depreciation and amortization, and further adjusted for Other Charges and Other Adjustments as described in the Appendix. We may provide guidance on operating EBITDA and are unable to reconcile forecasted operating EBITDA to a U.S. GAAP financial measure because a forecast of Other Charges and Other Adjustments is not practical.
- Operating EBIT, a measure used by management to measure performance, is defined by the company as net earnings minus interest income plus loss (earnings) from discontinued operations, interest expense and income taxes, and further adjusted for Other Charges and Other Adjustments as described in the Appendix. We may provide guidance on operating EBIT and are unable to reconcile forecasted operating EBIT to a U.S. GAAP financial measure because a forecast of Other Charges and Other Adjustments is not practical.
- Net debt is defined by the company as total debt less cash and cash equivalents. We believe that the presentation of this non-U.S. GAAP measure provides useful information to management and investors regarding changes to the company's capital structure. Our management and credit analysts use net debt to evaluate the company's capital structure and assess credit quality. Proportional net debt is defined as our proportionate share of our affiliates' net debt.
- Adjusted free cash flow is defined by the company as cash flow from operations less other productive asset purchases, operating cash from discontinued operations and certain other charges and adjustments. We believe that the presentation of this non-U.S. GAAP measure provides useful information to management and investors regarding changes to the company's cash flow. Our management and credit analysts use adjusted free cash flow to evaluate the company's liquidity and assess credit quality. Although we use adjusted free cash flow as a financial measure to assess the performance of our business, the use of adjusted free cash flow has important limitations, including that the adjusted free cash flow does not reflect the cash requirements necessary to service our indebtedness, lease obligations, unconditional purchase obligations or pension and postretirement funding obligations.

In addition, with respect to peer company data included in the **Balancing Growth and Shareholder Returns** presentation, the following non-U.S. GAAP definitions are used (as defined by FactSet Research Systems Inc. (FactSet)). Reconciliations of these non-U.S. GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP financial measure are included in the Appendix.

- EBITDA is defined as gross profit less selling, general and administrative expenses, amortization of intangibles and research and development expenses, and adding back depreciation, amortization and accretion (as disclosed in the Company's consolidated statement of cash flows).
- Gross debt is defined as total debt plus the Company's unfunded pension status (excluding assets held in non-qualified pension trusts).
- Free cash flow is defined as cash flow from operations less capital expenditures on property, plant and equipment as per the Company's consolidated statement of cash flows (excluding capital expenditures relating to the Ticona Kelsterbach plant relocation).
- Return on Invested capital (ROIC) is defined as earnings (loss) from continuing operations divided by the average invested capital over the past two fiscal years. Invested capital is defined as long term debt plus total equity.



Transformation Through Technology

Mark Rohr

Chairman & Chief Executive Officer

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Celanese – a global technology and specialty materials company

Transformation
Through
Technology

TECHNOLOGY
drives our base business results

INNOVATION
provides increased downstream opportunities

CUSTOMER
intimacy enables delivery of high-value solutions

Disciplined Development
PROCESS

Robust Technology
PIPELINE

Enhanced
GROWTH
Profile

Transformation through technology

Celanese success based on unique capabilities

Transformation
Through
Technology



Our unique capabilities enable our industry leadership and value creation

Transformation
Through
Technology



- ▶ Industry leading cost positions based on advantaged process technology
- ▶ Technology focused on enhancing cost advantage
- ▶ Global, integrated production footprint
- ▶ Growth tied to GDP

- ▶ Leading positions building on product and application expertise
- ▶ Technology focused on solutions for existing and future customer needs
- ▶ Customer intimacy
- ▶ Growth driven by differentiation

Leading positions based on technology and customer-focused solutions



Celanese capabilities provide a strong foundation for growth

Transformation
Through
Technology

2011
Revenue \$3.1 billion¹
Operating EBITDA \$0.6 billion²

Technology-Enabled Chemistry

- ▶ Acetyl chain chemistry
- ▶ Ethanol products
 - Industrial
 - Advanced fuel technologies
- ▶ Other acetyl derivative chemistry

Customer-Oriented Solutions

2011
Revenue \$3.7 billion¹
Operating EBITDA \$0.9 billion²

- ▶ Specialty engineering polymers
- ▶ Advanced vinyl chemistries
- ▶ Cellulosic technologies
- ▶ Sweetener solutions
- ▶ Controlled release polymers

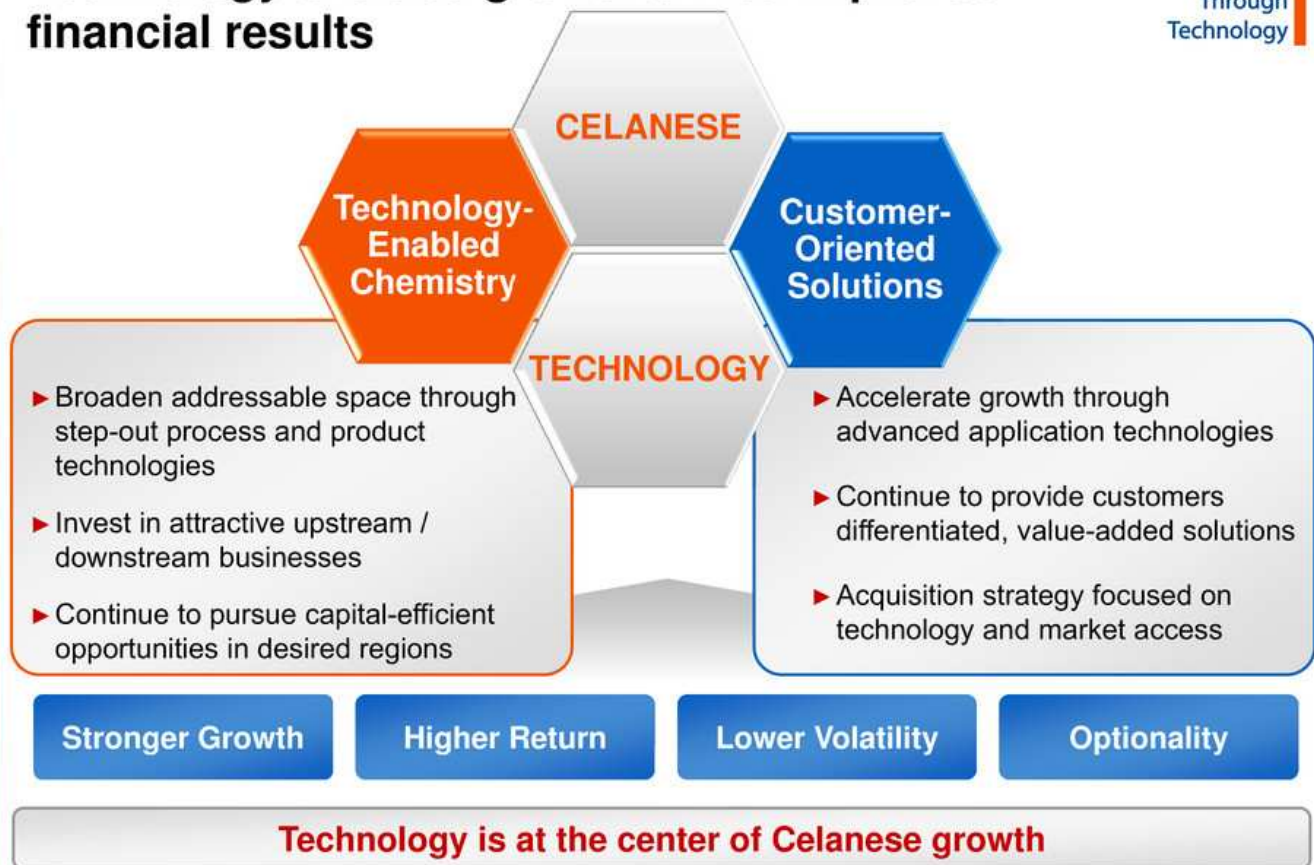
Financial results reflect technology advantage and value-added solutions

¹ \$471 million of inter-segment sales are excluded. \$3 million of inter-segment sales are excluded from Consumer-Oriented Solutions; \$468 million of inter-segment sales are excluded from Technology-Enabled Chemistry
² Excludes Other Activities of \$110 million in total



Technology-enabled growth drives improved financial results

Transformation
Through
Technology



Celanese technology is addressing global macro trends

Transformation
Through
Technology

			Representative CE Solutions
Resource Scarcity		Energy Food Water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ AOPlus® Technology ▶ Hostaform® POM ▶ TCX® Technology ▶ Thermoplastic composites
Growing Middle Class		Rising disposable income Demand for higher quality goods Increasing mobility	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ AOPlus® Technology ▶ Low odor paints (EcoVAE®) ▶ Specialty engineering polymers ▶ TCX® Technology
Environment		Air quality Sustainability Biodegradable Increasing regulations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Specialty engineering polymers ▶ TCX® Technology ▶ Cellulosic technologies
Technology		Global connectivity Mobile communication Miniaturization	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Fortron® PPS ▶ Vectra® LCP/ Zenite® LCP ▶ Thermx® PCT
Safety, Health & Wellness		Aging population Obesity Diabetes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ GUR® UHMW-PE ▶ Hostaform® POM ▶ High intensity sweeteners ▶ Controlled release EVA



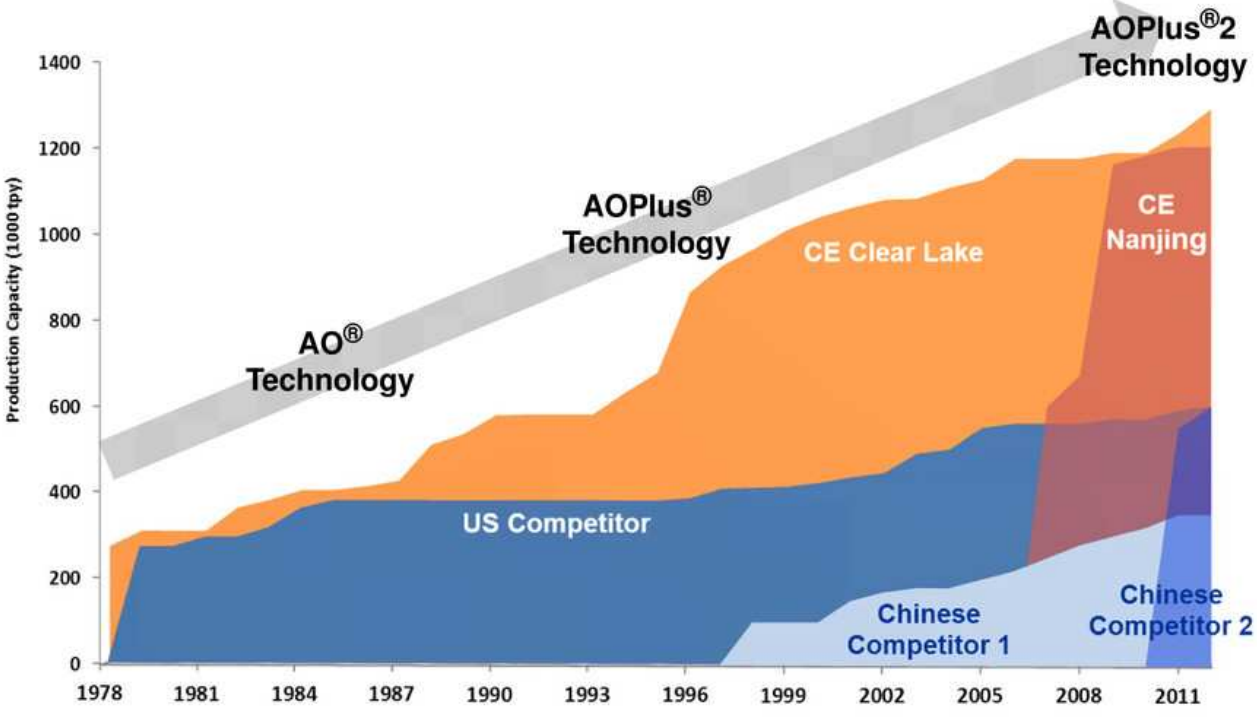
Technology-
Enabled
Chemistry

Customer-
Oriented
Solutions



Technology improvements provide a competitive advantage

Transformation Through Technology

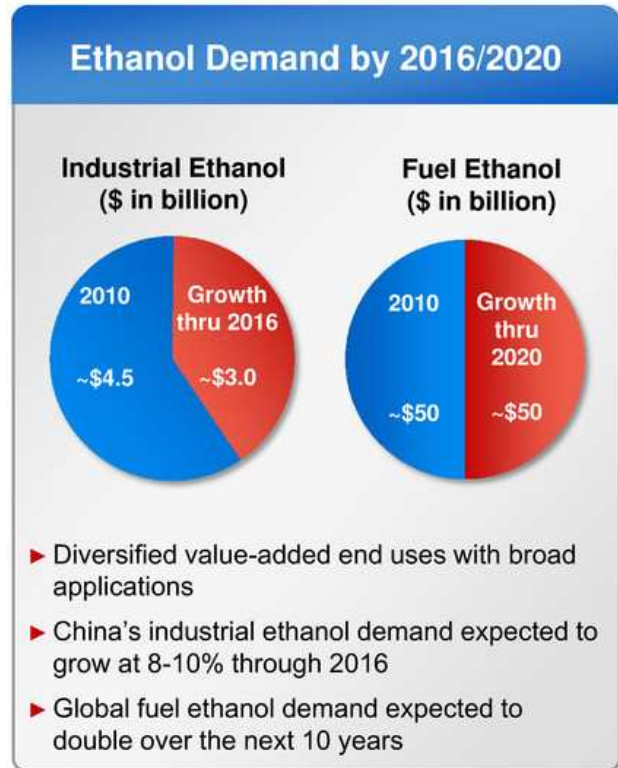
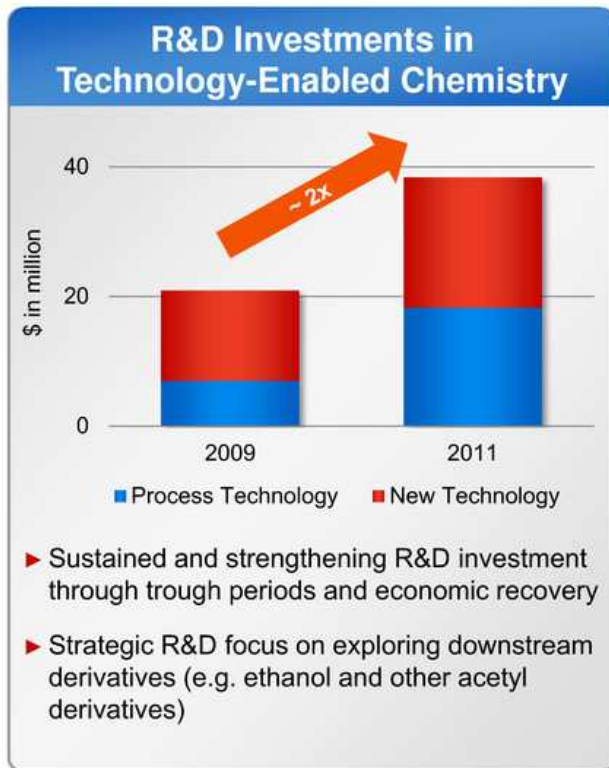


Celanese's acetic acid technology provides competitive advantage

Source: Celanese internal management data and estimates

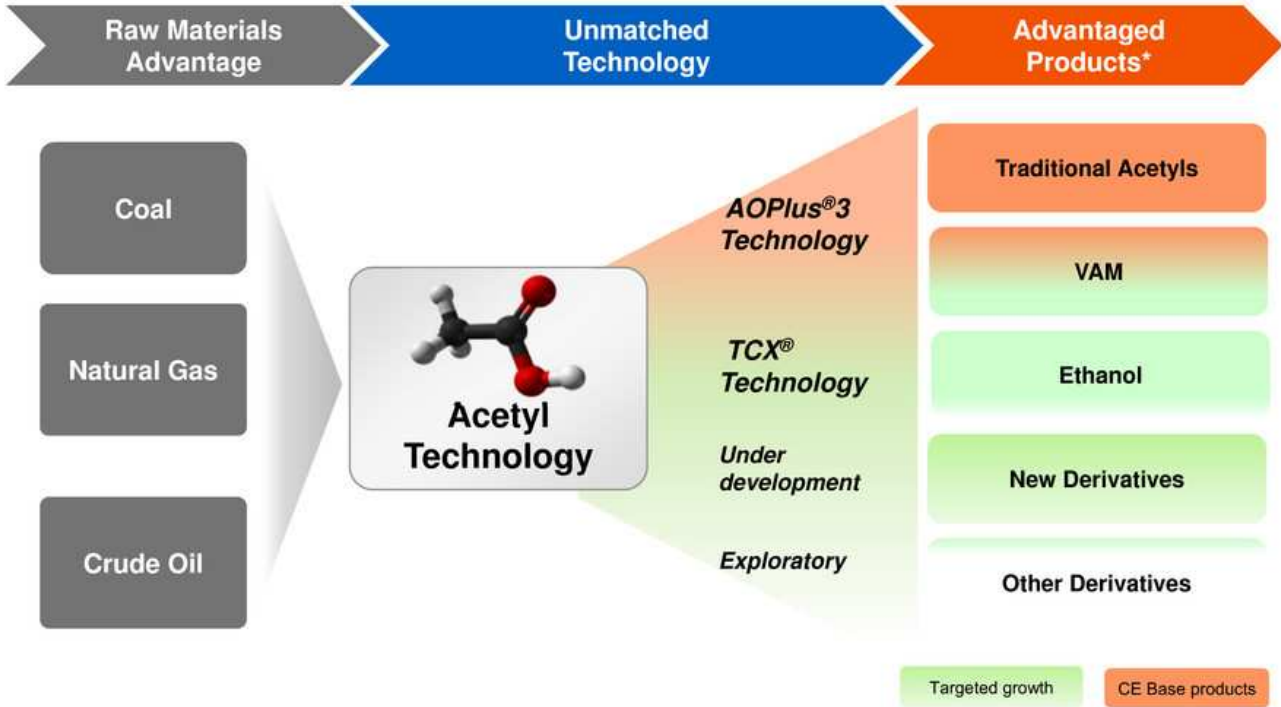


Technology provides new demand for acetic acid



Downstream products will provide growth opportunities beyond acetyls

Transformation
Through
Technology



Technology-enabled growth and profitability of >\$140 billion addressable space

*Not exhaustive

Investments in upstream raw materials will strengthen acetyls

Transformation
Through
Technology

Celanese Clear Lake Production Site



Strategy for Methanol Investment

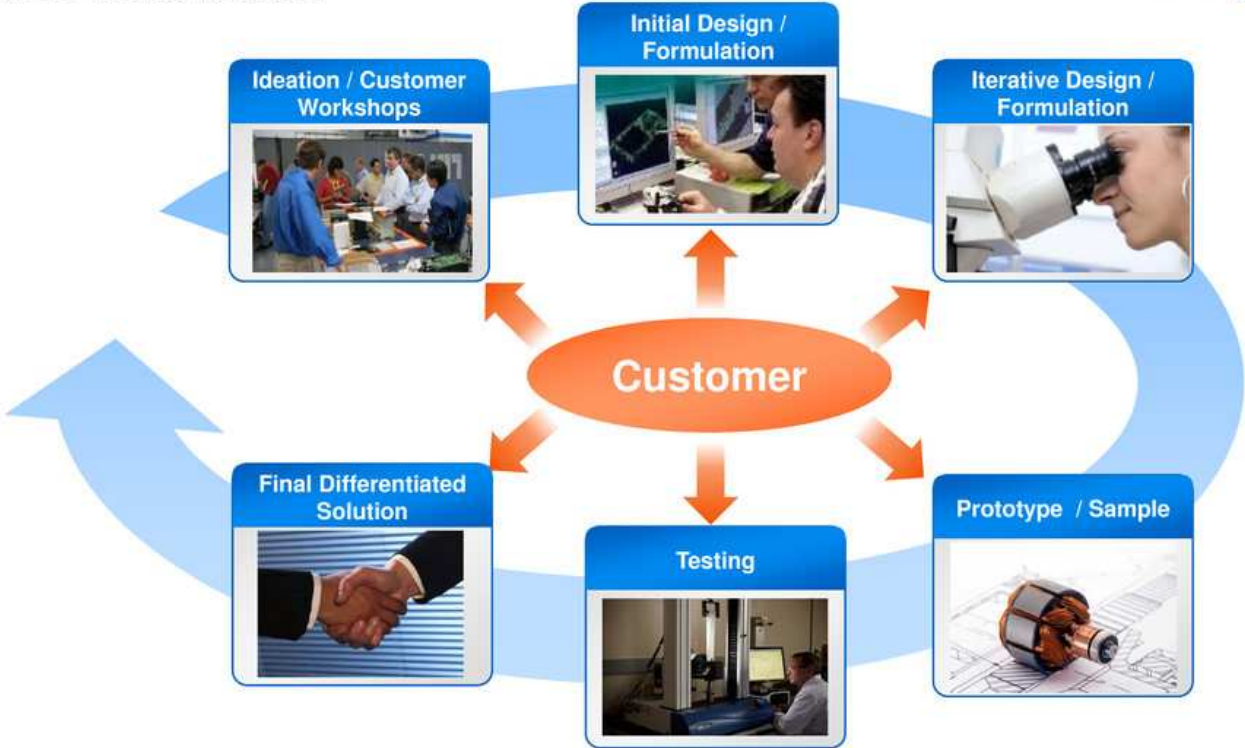
- ▶ Benefit from **abundant low-cost natural gas** in U.S. Gulf Coast
- ▶ **Significant synergies** with existing Clear Lake operations
 - **Substantial capital savings** due to existing infrastructure
 - **Substantial benefits** in operational efficiency
- ▶ Sustained **reduction in methanol pricing volatility**
- ▶ **Attractive project economics**
- ▶ **Foundation for growth** in the U.S. Gulf Coast

Methanol production in U.S. Gulf Coast enhances acetyl cost position



Customer-focused technology development and innovation

Transformation
Through
Technology



Customer-focused product development is key to our success

Technology investments are focused on opportunities adjacent to existing businesses

Transformation
Through
Technology



Capturing Macro Trends to Meet Customer Needs

Resource Scarcity

Growing Middle Class

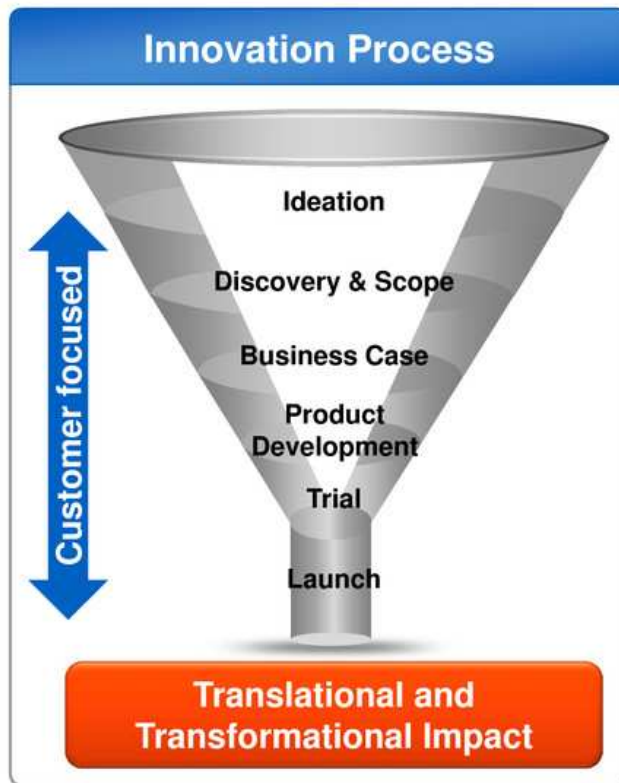
Environmental

Technology

Safety, Health & Wellness

Our application technology development process provides a rich and broad opportunity pipeline

Transformation
Through
Technology



Hostaform® POM



BRITECOAT®

Fortron® PPS

Vectra® LCP/Zenite® LCP

TUFGOR



VITAL Dose™
Controlled Release
Excipient

Ateva

Clarifoil®

Celanese

Our technology platforms provide access to adjacent addressable space

Transformation
Through
Technology

Hostaform® POM
Fortron® PPS
Vectra® LCP/Zenite® LCP

CelFX
Matrix Technology
Clarifoil®

SunSation™
Experience sweetness.
Sunett®

BRITECOAT®

TUFGOR®
© 2009 DuPont for Celanese

Ateva
VITAL Dose™
Controlled Release
Excipient

Key Existing Applications*

Automotive Fuel Systems
Electronic Connectors
Drug Delivery Systems
Precision Gears

Tobacco
Filter media
Luxury packaging

Beverages
Dairy
Oral care

Paints and coating
Adhesives

IVR
Drug Delivery Systems
Crop protection

Future New Applications*

Composites in Oil & Gas
Small Engine Fuel Tanks & Lines
Compact Camera Modules
Portable Electronic Device Covers

Encapsulation
Specialty fibers
Film
Adhesives & coating

Chewing gum
Baked goods
Dressings & sauces

Paper
Carpet
Textiles

Fine fragrances
Insect repellents
Veterinary

Innovation expands addressable space to ~\$200 billion

*Not exhaustive

 **Celanese**

Our success in technology development and innovation will drive future growth and profitability

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5-Year EPS ¹ CAGR	
2011	Objective
10%	12-14%

Operating EBIT Margin	
2011	Objective
16%	>18%

Return on Invested Capital ²	
2011	Objective
15%	>20%

¹Diluted earnings per common share from continuing operations

²Return on Invested Capital: Net Income divided by the two fiscal period average of Total Invested Capital;
Total Invested Capital: sum of long-term debt and total shareholder's equity

We are focused on delivering shareholder value

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Through
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What We Will Do

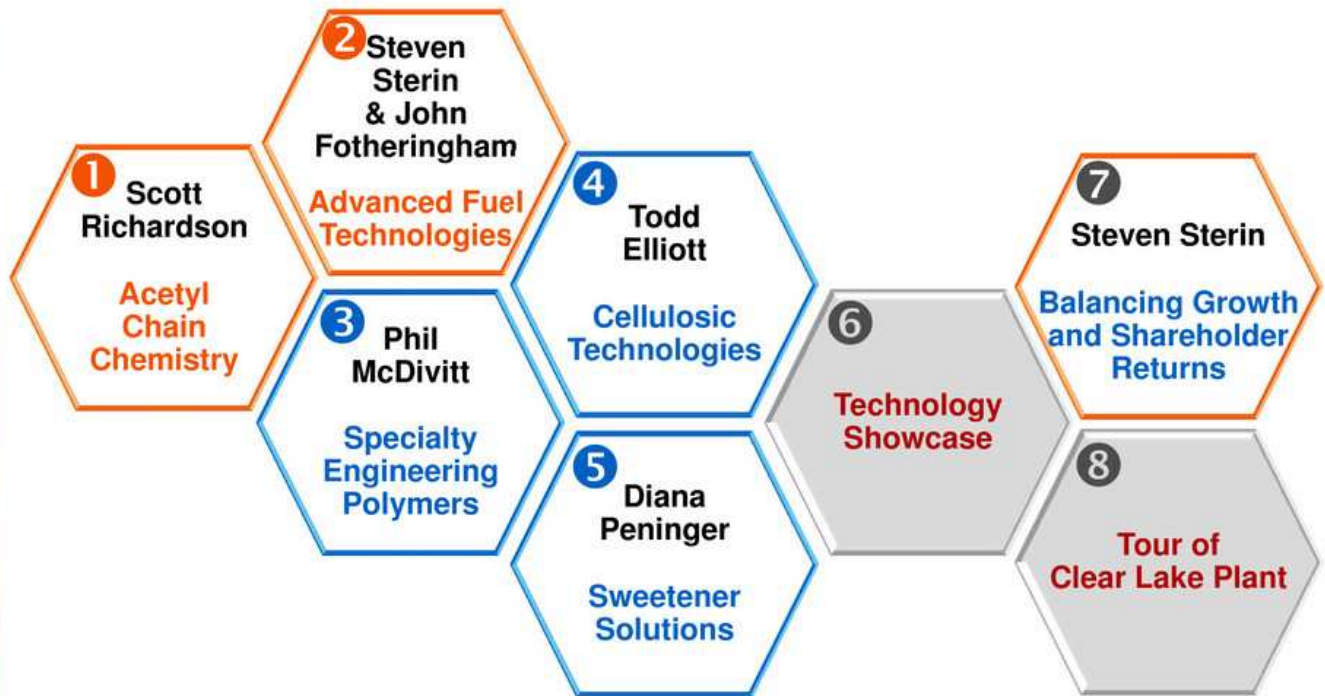
- ▶ Grow the base business
- ▶ Invest in technology
- ▶ Reduce debt and become investment grade
- ▶ Increase shareholder dividends
- ▶ Repurchase shares opportunistically

What We Won't Do

- ▶ Reduce focus on growing free cash flow
- ▶ Hold back on productivity initiatives
- ▶ Spend more than \$400 million in capital spending annually
- ▶ Destroy value with M&A

Technology Day line up

Transformation
Through
Technology





Acetyl Chain Chemistry

Scott Richardson

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Acetyl Chemistry: Our advantage and opportunity

Transformation
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Unmatched Core Technology

- ▶ Celanese maintains **most advanced acetic acid technology** in the industry
- ▶ AOPlus®3 Technology provides flexible low cost growth opportunities

Advantaged Raw Material Chemistry

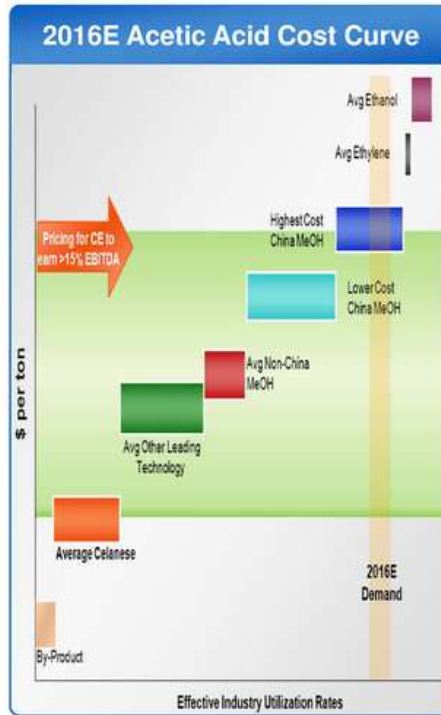
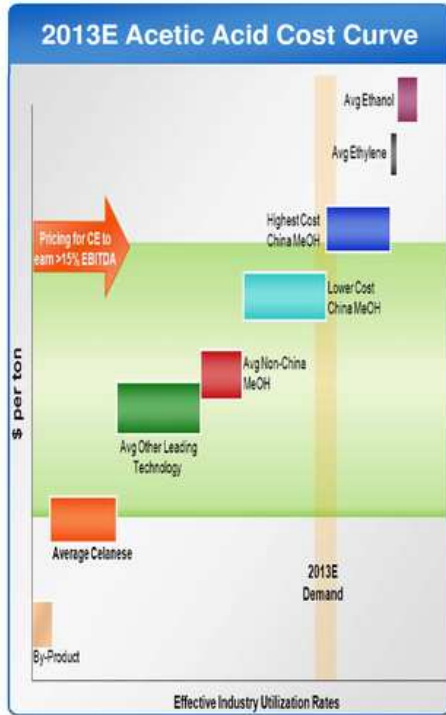
- ▶ Acetyl chemistries drive **additional advantage** throughout the value chain
- ▶ Investing in upstream technology **secures value** from raw material advantage

Technology-Enabled Growth

- ▶ TCX® Technology on track for 2013 commercialization
- ▶ Expected technical innovations further expand **addressable space beyond acetyls**

Securing long term advantage and accelerating growth through technology

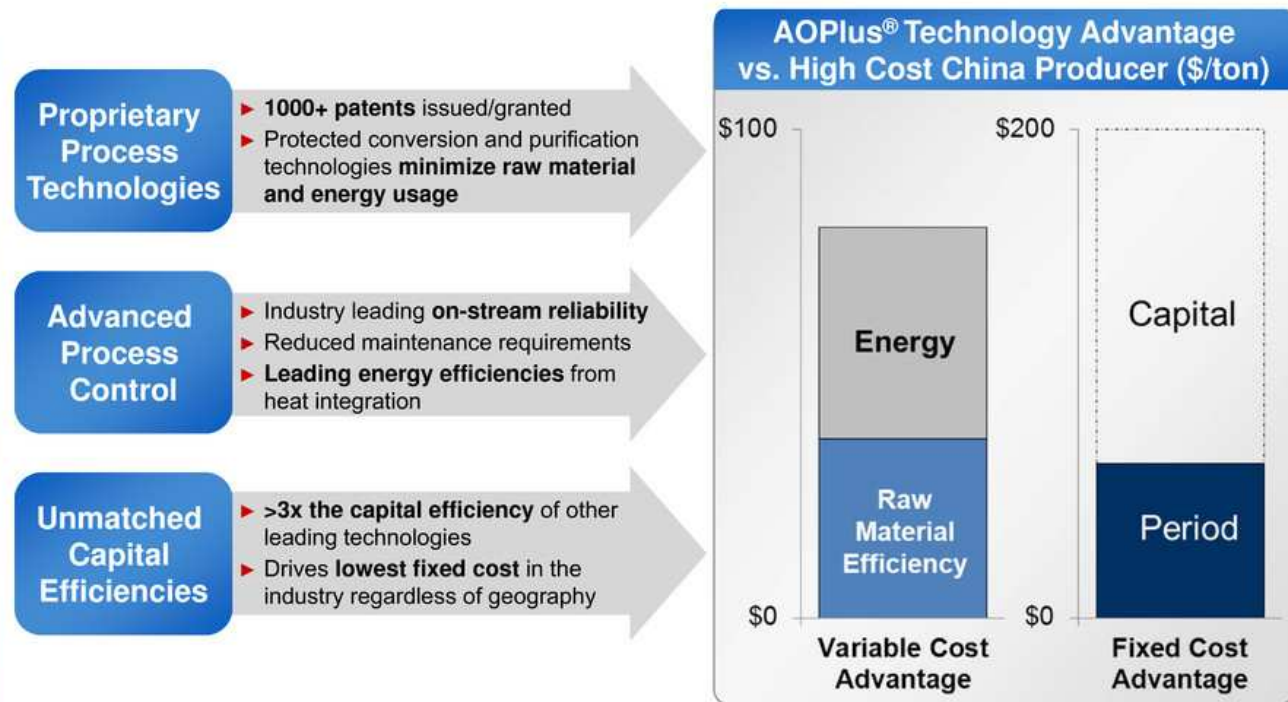
Industry leading acetic acid technology



- ▶ Projected 2016 landscape remains attractive
- ▶ Limited capacity growth beyond 2013
- ▶ Celanese technology advantage results in >15% Operating EBITDA margins
- ▶ Celanese continues to invest in technologies that strengthen cost position

The AOPlus® Technology advantage represents over 30 years of ongoing technical development

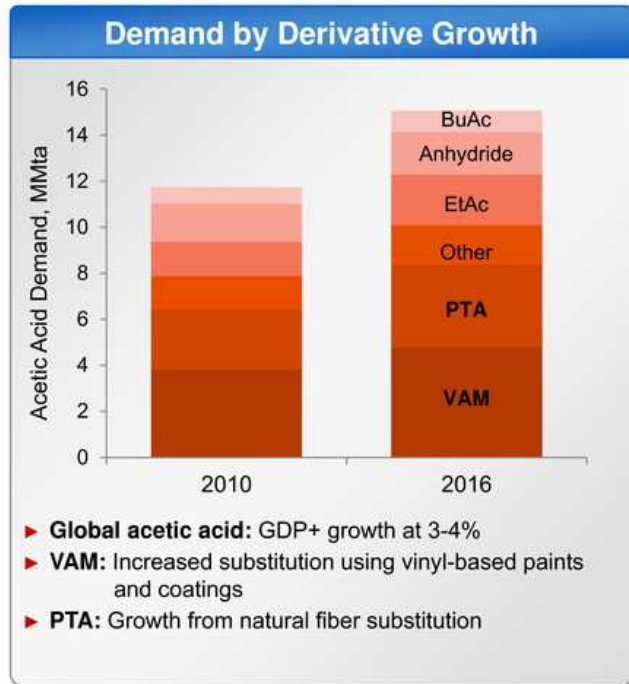
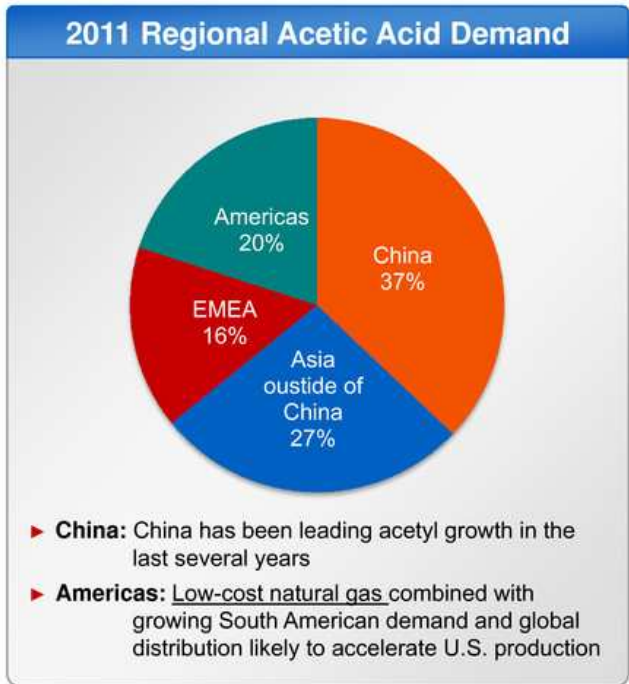
Transformation
Through
Technology



AOPlus® Technology platform drives sustainable industry advantage

Acetic acid demand growth across diversified industrial end uses

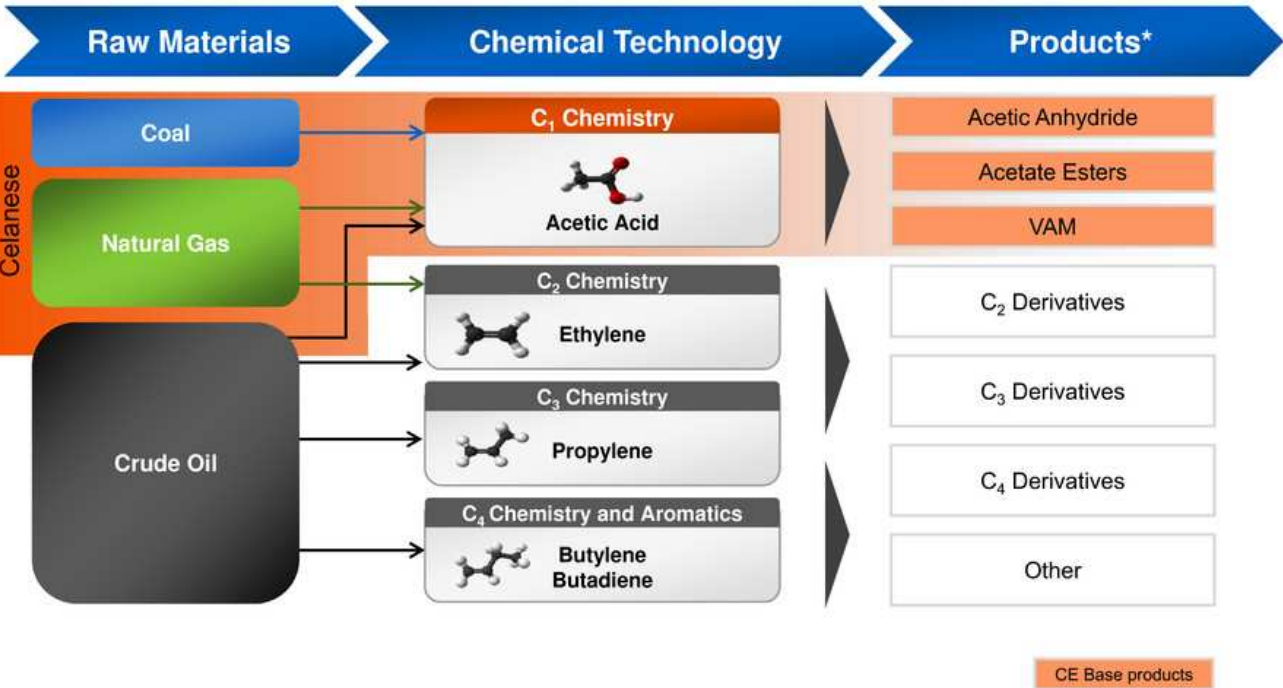
Transformation
Through
Technology



Acetic acid demand growth remains strong and trends toward derivatives

Building on core C₁ technology to create value throughout the chain

Transformation
Through
Technology



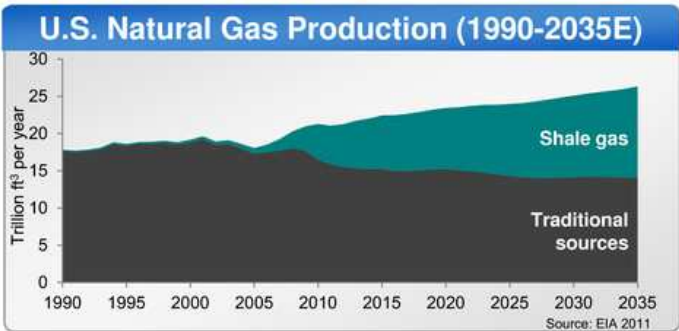
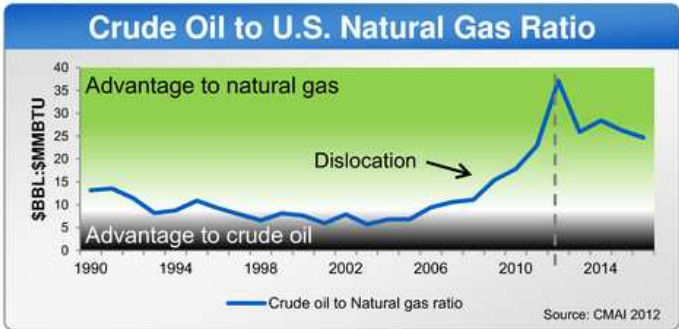
Strength in C₁ chemistry enhances Celanese's technology advantage

*Not exhaustive



Evolution of raw material dynamics creates a unique opportunity in the U.S. Gulf Coast

Transformation
Through
Technology



- ### Implications
- ▶ Acetic acid from natural gas or coal is advantaged versus oil
 - ~80% Celanese production capacity utilizes coal or gas feedstock
 - ▶ Shale gas production driving natural gas economics in the United States
 - Natural gas advantage projected to continue through the foreseeable future
 - ▶ Majority of incremental acetic acid capacity (Asia) is coal-based
 - Coal-based economics improving through emerging technology

Celanese plans to capture regional value and secure cost position by investing upstream into Gulf Coast methanol production

Investing upstream in U.S. Gulf Coast methanol production secures cost position

Transformation
Through
Technology



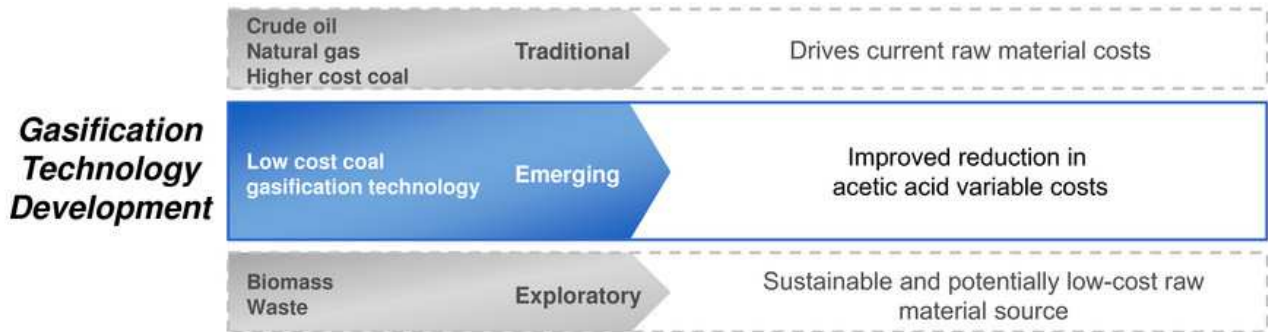
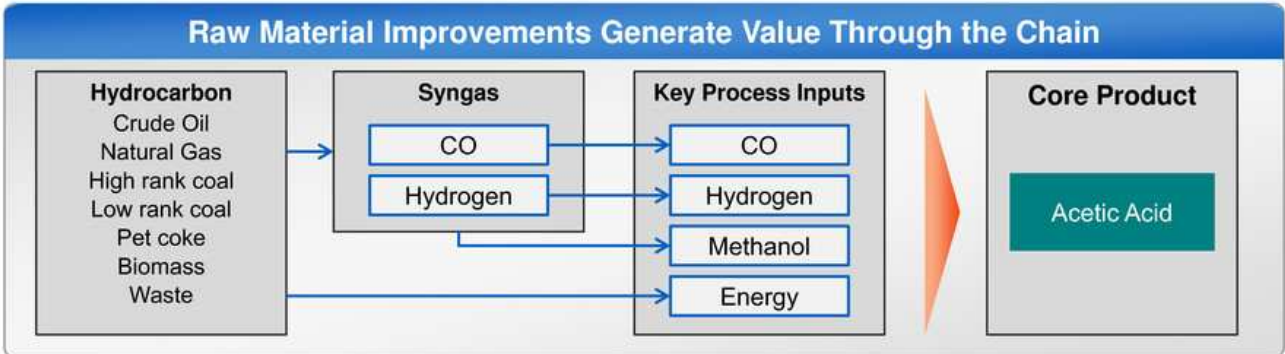
Methanol Investment

- ▶ **Highly integrated** with existing infrastructure
- ▶ Captures **significant energy synergies**
- ▶ Capacity: 1.3 million tons per year
- ▶ Production volume and capital investment expected to be shared with one or more parties
- ▶ Anticipated start-up: 2H 2015

Utilizing existing Celanese infrastructure helps reduce capital requirements while capturing advantages of state-of-the-art technologies

Improved gasification technologies provide opportunity to enhance advantage through the chain

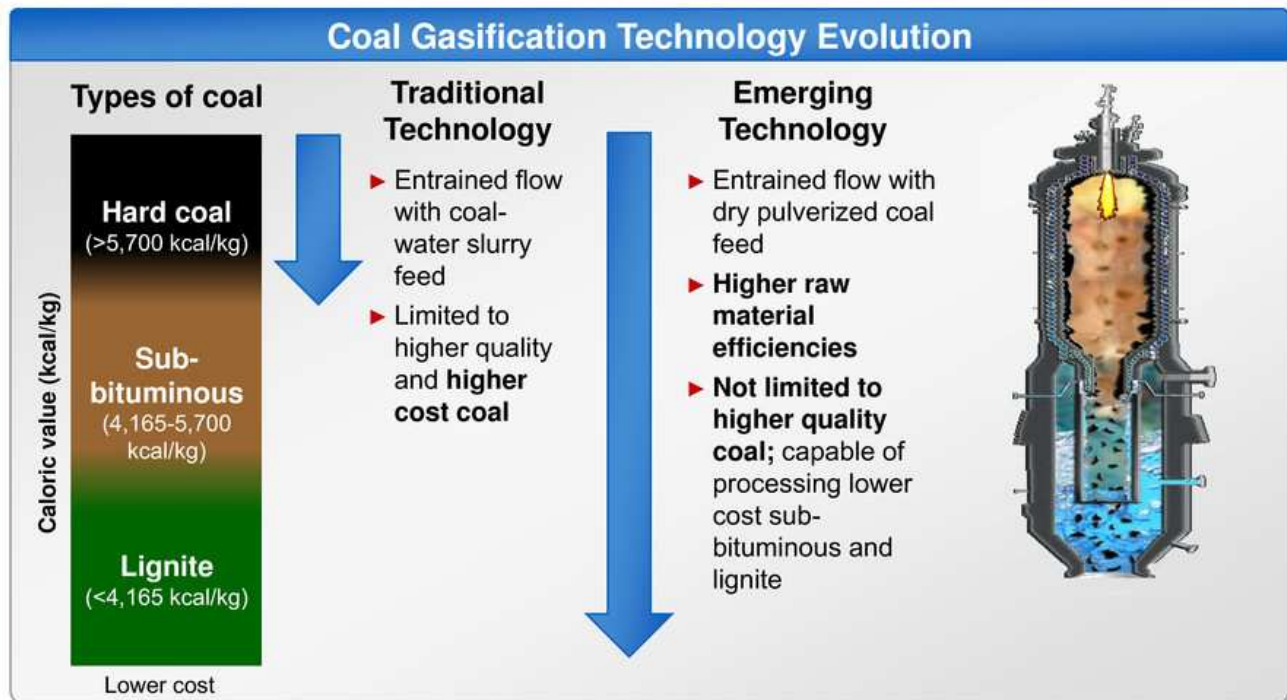
Transformation
Through
Technology



Celanese currently evaluating various technologies to extend advantages



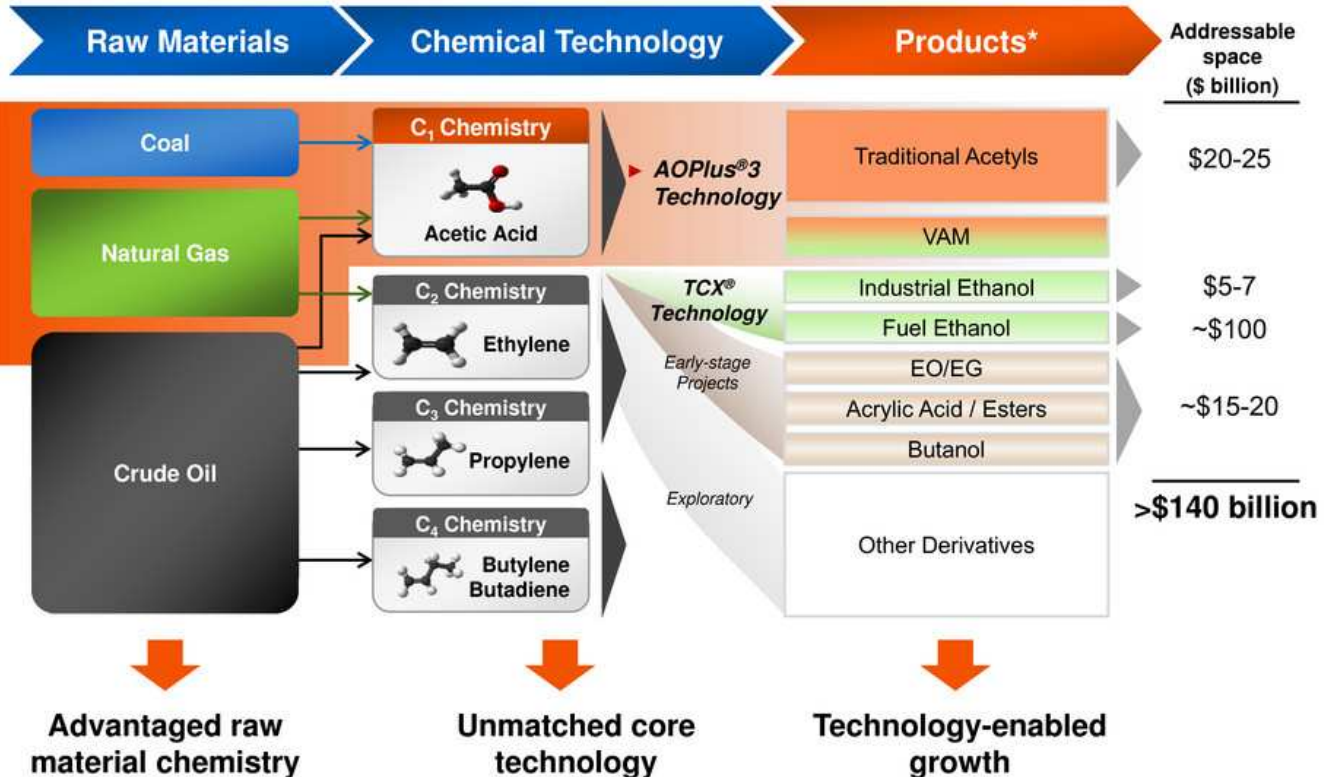
Emerging gasification technologies exhibit improved efficiencies using lower cost coal



Celanese robustly evaluating alternative gasification technologies

Attractive growth opportunities extend advantage beyond acetyls

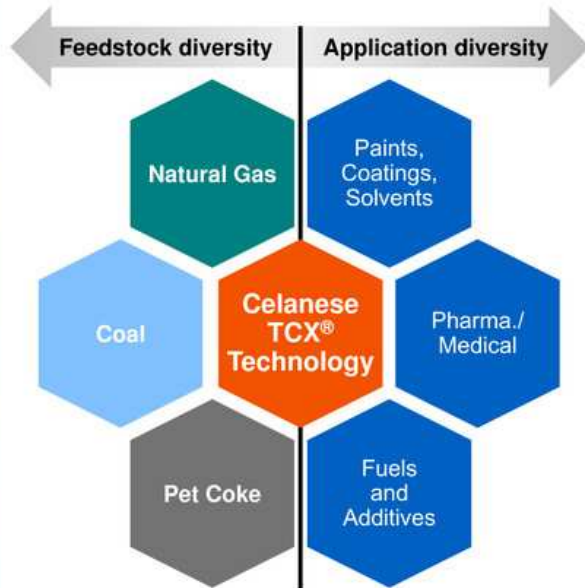
Transformation
Through
Technology



Source: Celanese internal management estimate, available public information
* Not exhaustive

Advantaged TCX[®] Technology links C₁ feedstock to attractive industry

Transformation
Through
Technology



Breakthrough TCX[®] Technology economics extend C₁ advantage to ethanol

Celanese TCX[®] Technology ethanol demonstration facility accelerates development

Transformation
Through
Technology



TCX [®] Technology Achievements			
Tech.	Initial Discovery	First Commercial	Current Technology
Relative Improvement			
Capital	100%	85%	50-55% ✓
Conversion	100%	125%	>200% ✓
Energy	100%	90%	60-65% ✓
Period	100%	67%	45-50% ✓

- Technology Development Unit (TDU)**
- ▶ Project completed on time and budget
 - ▶ Flexible, modular design facilitates rapid implementation of modifications and improvements
 - ▶ Successful startup in July 2012
 - ▶ Provides full scale testing of all process designs prior to greenfield investments

TDU provides a platform for rapid technology improvement

TCX[®] Technology: Nanjing, China construction and commercialization status

Transformation
Through
Technology



TCX[®] Technology Nanjing Production Unit

- ▶ Capacity: 275kta ethanol
- ▶ Startup: Q3 2013
- ▶ Engineering and construction on schedule
- ▶ Integrated with existing Celanese Nanjing acetyl complex
- ▶ Initial customer base exhibits enthusiastic support for TCX[®] Technology ethanol

On track for 2013 commercial launch of TCX[®] Technology ethanol

 **Celanese**

Acetyl Chemistry: strategic summary



Raw Materials	Conversion	Demand
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Low cost coal: pursuing next generation gasification technology ▶ Natural gas: investing in U.S. Gulf Coast methanol production 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Continue to advance acetyl platform technology <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Lower capital ▪ Lower catalyst cost ▪ Lower energy usage ▶ AOPlus^{®3} Technology 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Developing innovative C₁ product technology ▶ TCX[®] Technology ethanol ▶ Other new derivatives ▶ ~7x increase in addressable space



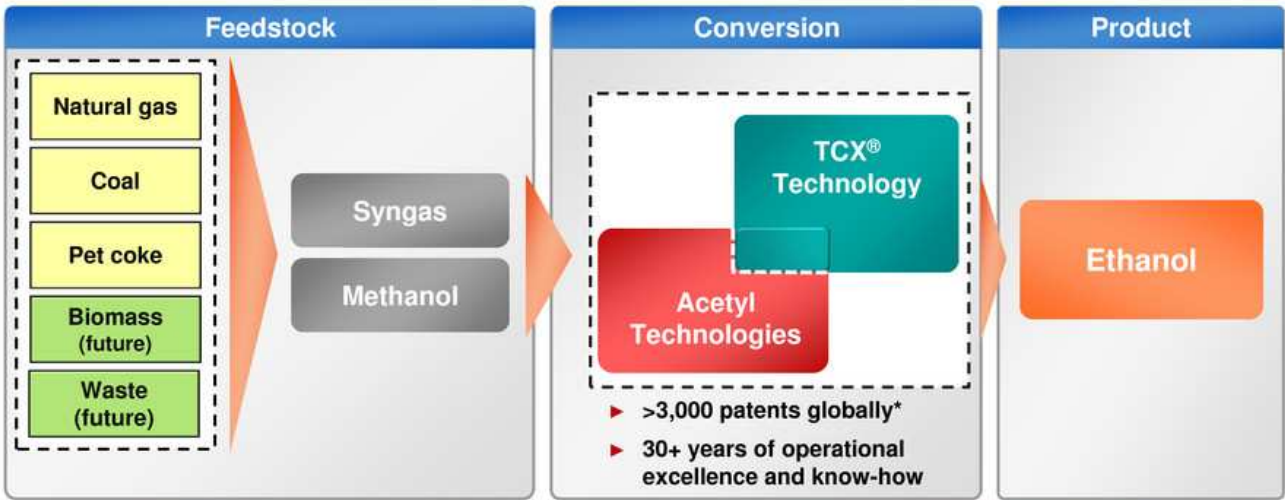


Advanced Fuel Technologies

Steven Sterin & John Fotheringham

Celanese TCX[®] Technology production process

Transformation
Through
Technology



TCX[®] Technology Breakthrough Elements

- ▶ Conditions of operation
- ▶ Materials of construction
- ▶ Catalyst systems
- ▶ Process control

TCX[®] Technology builds on Celanese's expertise in acetyl technologies

*Global Celanese granted and pending patents

Value proposition of TCX[®] Technology ethanol

Transformation
Through
Technology

FOUR FRAMEWORKS FOR EVALUATING PERSONAL VEHICLE FUELS



Safe and clean blend stocks

- How can countries ensure safe, clean burning fuels without burdening their industry with excessive costs?



Cost

- How do alternative fuel source choices compare on an apples-to-apples, all-in cost basis?



Energy security

- Which fuel alternatives can help countries diversify their supply and/or use local resources to improve their energy security?



Global considerations

- How do countries address global environmental issues that reach beyond their borders and into the next generation?

TCX[®] Technology provides a broad value proposition



TCX[®] Technology commercialization

Transformation
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Technology



TCX[®] Technology Value Proposition

- 1 Produce excellent blend stock (ethanol) at world scale volume to **improve gasoline and air quality**
- 2 Provide abundant **low-cost fuel** lowering subsidies
- 3 Utilize local coal to produce fuel ethanol **reducing gasoline imports**
- 4
 - Higher energy efficiency³
 - Lower greenhouse gas emission³
 - Does not compete with food for arable land



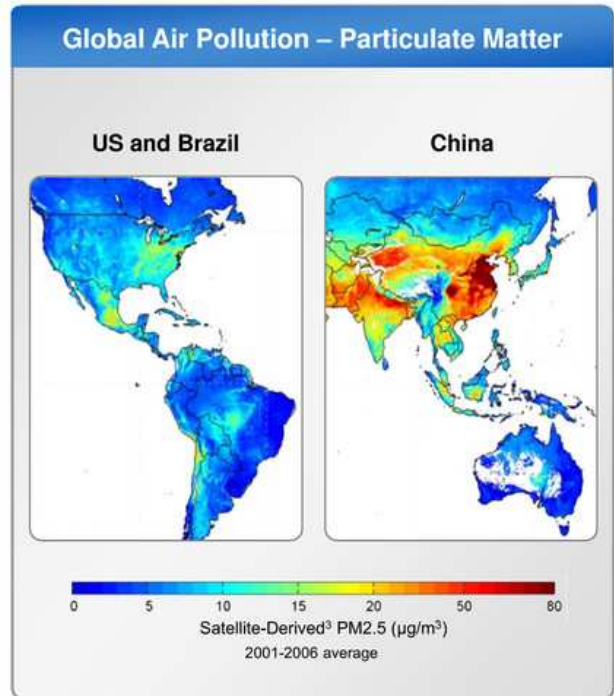
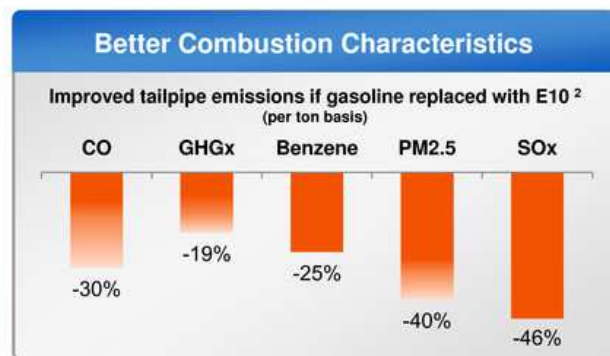
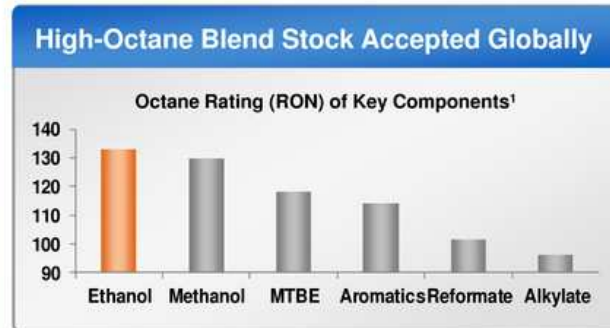
Near-term Focus

-  **China**
-  **Indonesia**

Prioritizing commercialization efforts

Ethanol is a widely accepted, clean, safe fuel solution

Transformation
Through
Technology



Ethanol blended gasoline improves air quality

¹ Source: Guide to Petroleum Product Blending, HPI Consultants, Inc.

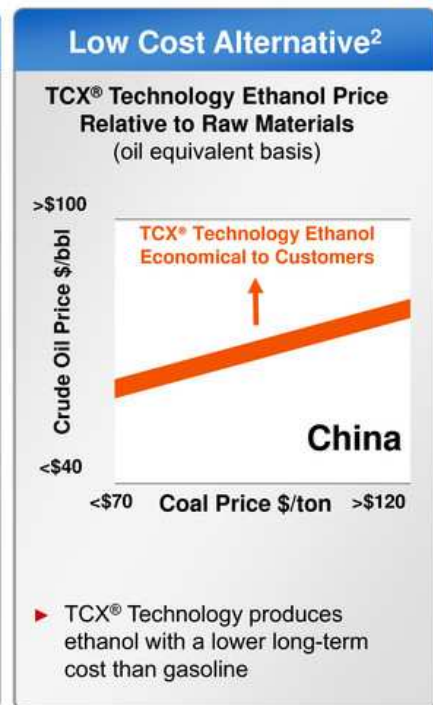
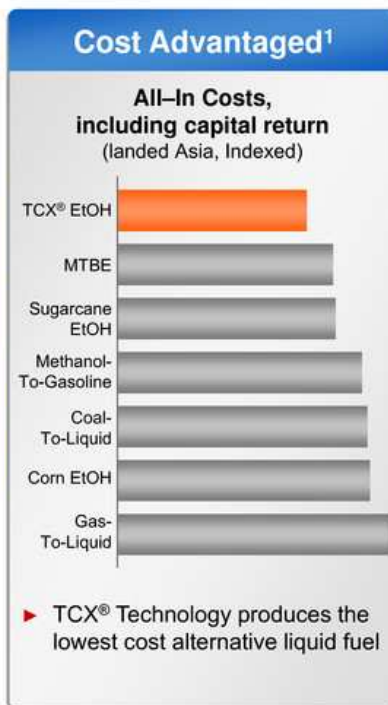
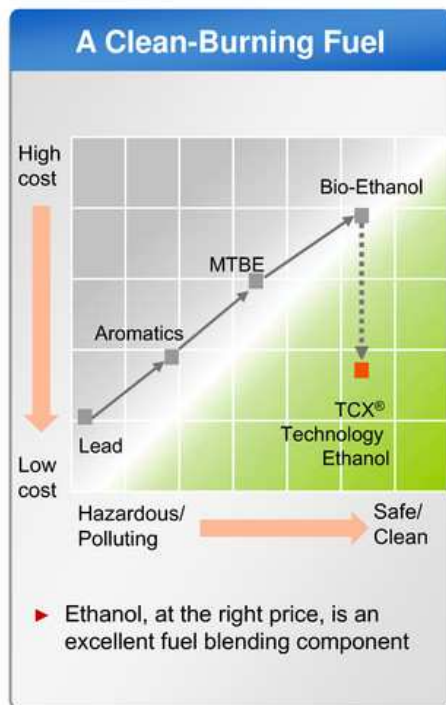
² Source: US EPA, Argonne National Lab, China NDRC, "Evaluating the Health Impacts of Ethanol Blend Petrol" (a study of Australian government in June 2008), Beijing Institute of Technology

³ Source: NASA, Dalhousie University, Aaron van Donkelaar



TCX[®] Technology cost and quality advantage

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Technology



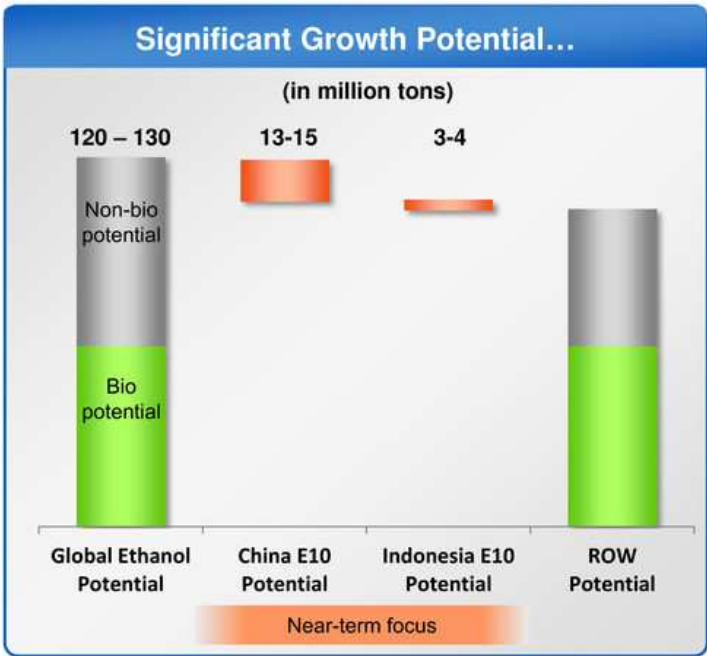
TCX[®] Technology provides a low cost, clean-burning gasoline alternative

¹ Celanese proprietary models, Booz & Company analysis. \$/bbl adjusted for historic market relationship to crude; price assumptions based on consensus outlook; ² Source: Indicative model, based on Qinghuangdao5500 kcal/kg coal.

* All growth and value projections regarding TCX[™] Technology are based on Celanese internal management current estimates and assumptions, including capital and raw material costs and availability, demand for ethanol, and continuing technology developments



Global fuel ethanol potential by 2020



...Particularly in Asia

- China**
13 to 15 world scale facilities
- Indonesia**
3 to 4 world scale facilities

Near-term focus covers ~30% of global non-bio fuel ethanol potential

Source: Global Biofuels Outlook 2010-2020, Hart Energy; Global Petroleum Market Outlook: Petroleum Balances Purvin and Gertz Inc.; Celanese internal management estimates

* All growth and value projections regarding TCX™ ethanol technology are based on Celanese internal management current estimates and assumptions, including capital and raw material costs and availability, demand for ethanol, and continuing technology developments



China's liquid fuel considerations

Transformation
Through
Technology

TCX® Technology Value Proposition



Safe & Clean

Produce excellent blend stock (ethanol) to:

- ▶ Provide world scale volume
- ▶ Improve air quality

30%

Beijing PM2.5 emission reduction goal by 2020



Cost

Provide abundant low-cost fuel to reduce government subsidies

~\$9.0 billion

Crude oil and fuel ethanol subsidies in 2010



Energy Security

Utilize local coal to

- ▶ Produce fuel ethanol
- ▶ Reduce gasoline imports

70%

Crude oil imported by 2020

3rd

Largest global coal reserves



Global Considerations

- ▶ Higher energy efficiency*
- ▶ Lower greenhouse gas emission*
- ▶ Does not compete with food for arable land

1/6

Arable land per capita than the US

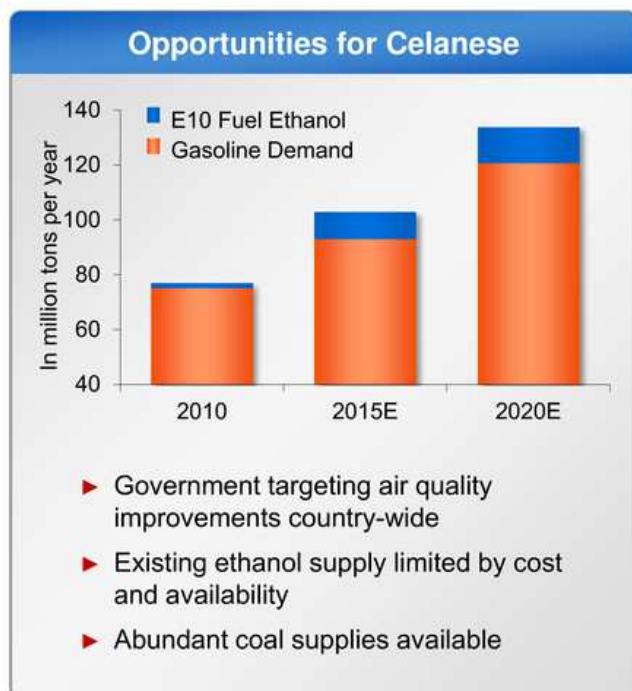
1/4

Of today's global CO₂ emissions

Sources: Beijing government; EIA and Celanese internal management estimates; Global Petroleum Market Outlook: Petroleum Balances (Purvin & Gertz Inc., March 2010); BP Statistical Review of World Energy (June 2012); World Bank, UN; EIA; other available public data and Celanese internal management estimates. * Compared to other XTL technologies



Significant opportunity in China



TCX[®] Technology supports China's policies

Source: C1Energy, Global Petroleum Market Outlook: Petroleum Balances (Purvin & Gertz Inc., March 2010),
Celanese internal management estimates





Indonesia's liquid fuel considerations

Transformation
Through
Technology

TCX® Technology Value Proposition



Safe & Clean

- Produce an excellent blend stock (ethanol) to:
- ▶ Provide world scale volume
 - ▶ Improve gasoline and air quality

PM 60µg/m³

Adopted clean air standard maximum

EURO II

Current gasoline quality specifications



Cost

- Provide abundant low-cost fuel to reduce subsidies

~\$12 billion

Gasoline subsidies in 2012



Energy Security

- Utilize local coal to
- ▶ Produce fuel ethanol
 - ▶ Reduce gasoline imports

60%

Gasoline imported by 2020

~80%

Coal exported in 2011



Global Considerations

- ▶ Higher energy efficiency*
- ▶ Lower greenhouse gas emission*
- ▶ Does not compete with food for arable land

1/5

Arable land per capita than the US

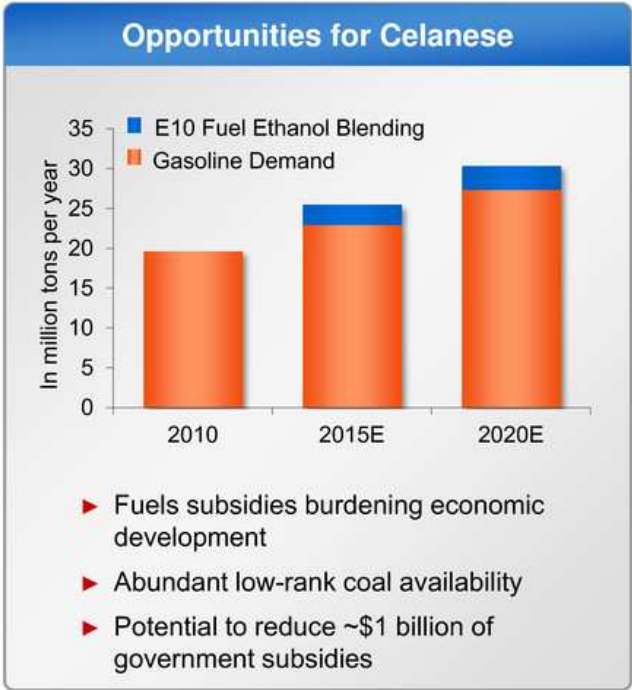
42%

Higher industrial energy intensity than EU in 2010

Sources: Indonesia government; Global Petroleum Market Outlook: Petroleum Balances (Purvin & Gertz Inc., March 2010); Indonesia Coal Mining Association; BP Statistical Review of World Energy (June 2012); World Bank, UN; Enerdata; other available public data
* Compared to other XTL technologies



Indonesian business update



- ### Project Summary
- Gained strong, broad government support
 - Signed Joint Statement of Cooperation with Pertamina
 - Identified and vetted low-rank coal gasification technology providers
 - Prioritized potential investment locations
 - Finalize critical raw material partners and site selection
 - Finalize ideal business model for Celanese

Significant opportunity to lower energy subsidies

Business model flexibility

Celanese Objectives	Industrial Gas Plus	Joint Venture	License
▶ Protect IP	●	◐	●
▶ Reduce earnings volatility	●	●	●
▶ Minimize risk	●	●	●
▶ Maximize capital efficiency	●	◐	●
▶ Accelerate speed to market	●	◐	◐

- ▶ Significant opportunities identified
- ▶ Strong business partnerships being developed
- ▶ Speed to market a critical consideration
- ▶ Business model flexibility required to maximize opportunity

Celanese objectives can be met with different business models

Clear path to commercialization

Transformation
Through
Technology

2011 - 2012

- ▶ Develop technology to meet market needs
- ▶ Prove benefit of value proposition
- ▶ Prioritize opportunities

2013 - 2015

- ▶ Early China commercialization
- ▶ Larger China opportunities negotiated
- ▶ Finalize Indonesian opportunity

2016+

- ▶ Greenfield investment in Asia
- ▶ Potential licensing arrangements
- ▶ Extended commercialization in other countries

Progressing as planned against project objectives

Advanced Fuel Technologies: progressing on fuel opportunity

Transformation
Through
Technology



Safe & Clean



Cost



Energy Security



Global
Considerations



Refined our unique value propositions



Focused on two strongest opportunities



Significant external interest with resources committed



Tangible progress on advanced opportunities



Lower-risk business models to accelerate opportunities



Specialty Engineering Polymers

Phil McDivitt

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 Celanese

Advanced Engineered Materials: Recognized leader in specialty engineering polymers

Transformation
Through
Technology

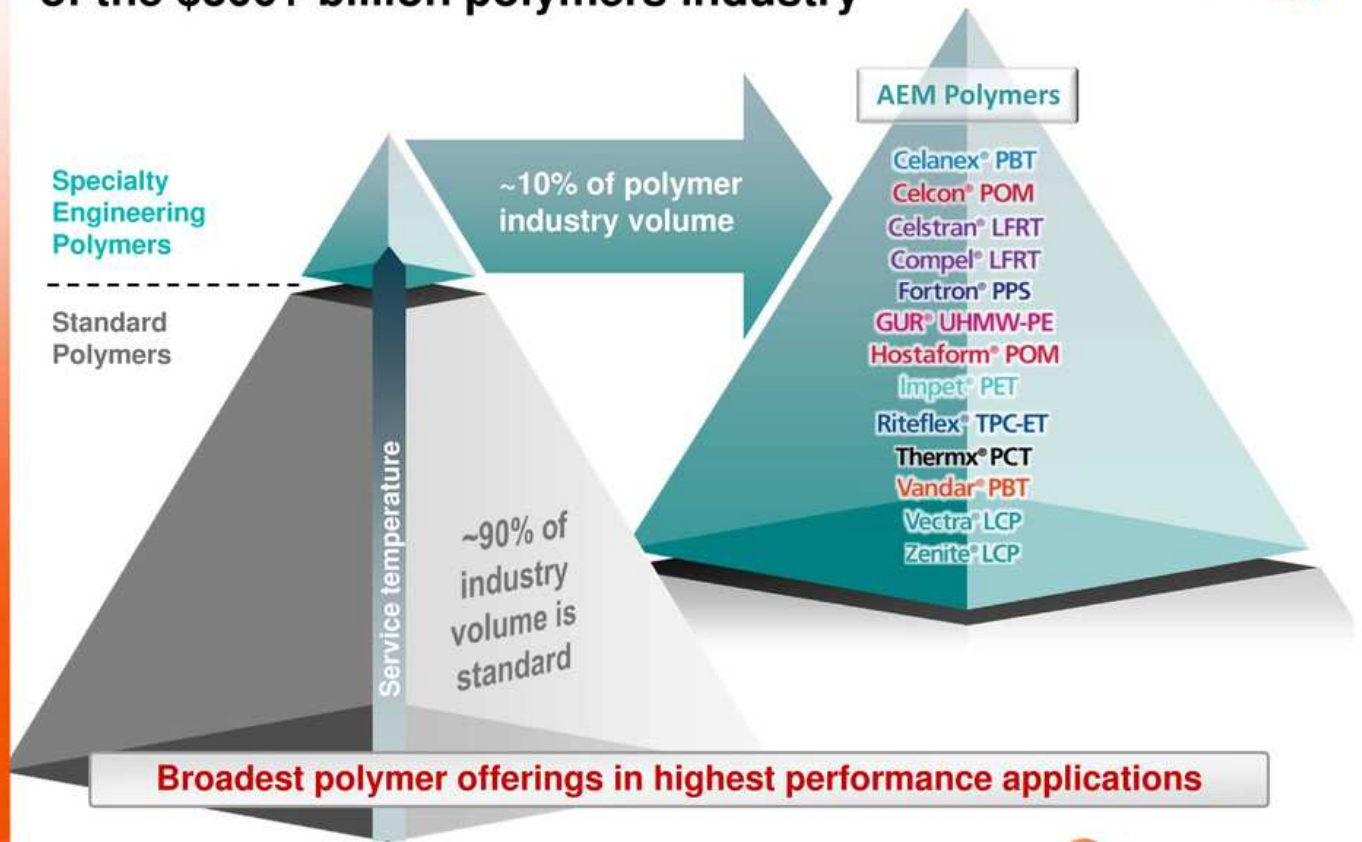


Strategic Overview

- ▶ **High customer intimacy** leading to participation early in customer development cycle
- ▶ **Unique polymer development** capability across a broad range of end-uses
- ▶ **Engineering and design** expertise to advance an optimized solution
- ▶ **Global leader** with broadest portfolio in highest value engineering polymer applications

AEM participates in the highest value applications of the \$300+ billion polymers industry

Transformation
Through
Technology



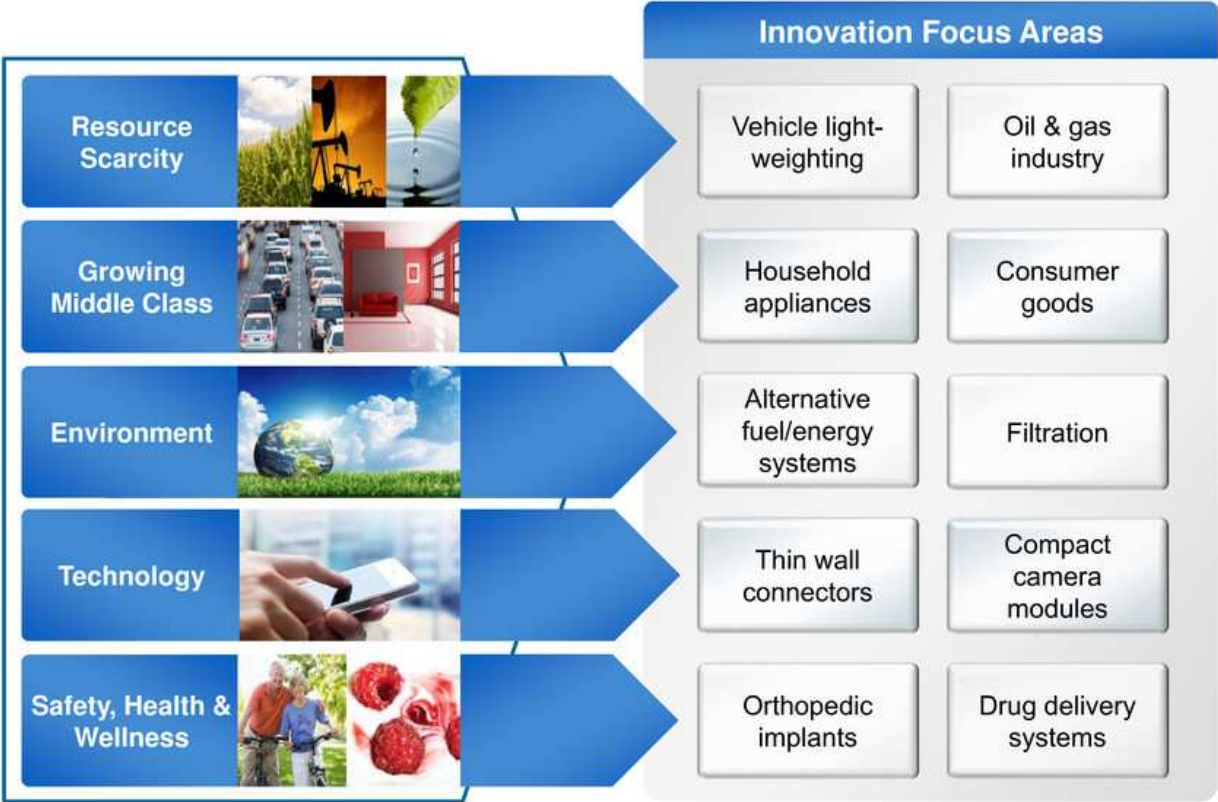
Our AEM business model



Providing more than just materials

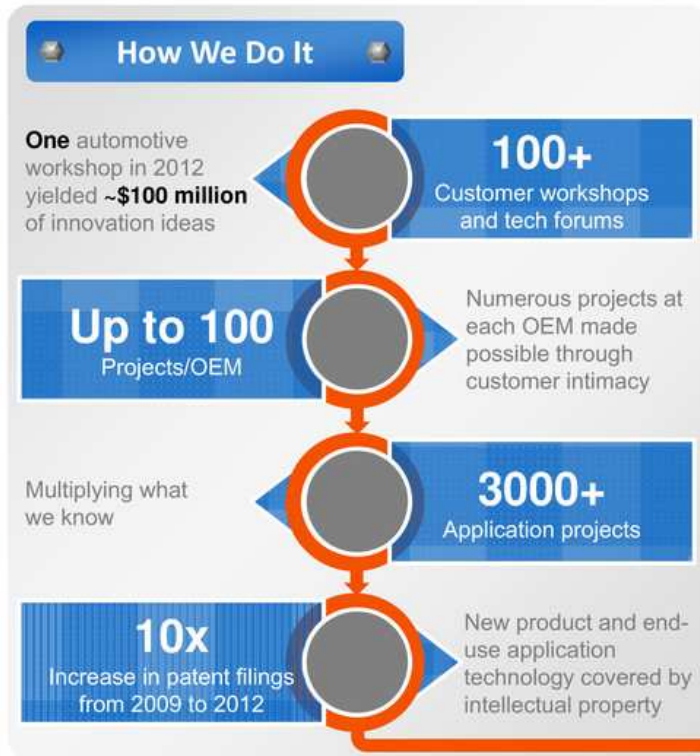
Global dynamics influence innovation pipeline

Transformation
Through
Technology



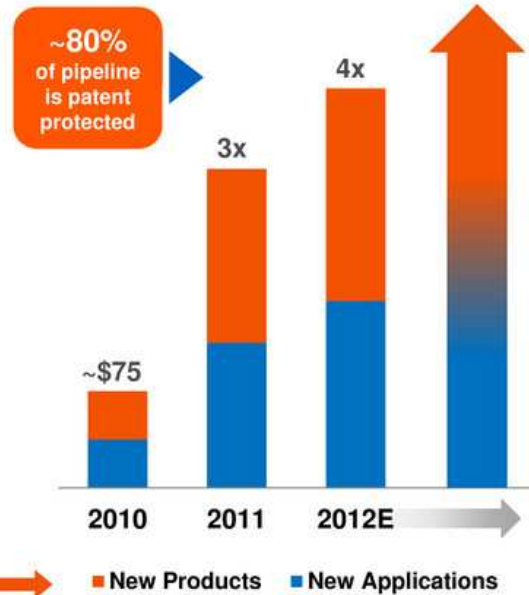
Close customer cooperation drives mutual success

Transformation
Through
Technology



Innovation Pipeline

Potential Revenue (\$ in million)




Collaboration with customers feeds our growth pipeline

Creating technology - polymer functionalization

Transformation
Through
Technology

Functionalization Concept

Examples in Hostaform® POM, Fortron® PPS, and Zenite® LCP



The diagram illustrates the functionalization concept. On the left, a blue chain of spheres represents the 'polymer'. A blue hand-like shape labeled 'functional group' is attached to the end of the chain. To the right, a red chain of spheres represents the 'additive'.

Enabled Applications

Hostaform® POM

Challenge	Solution	Image
Higher Toughness Fasteners	Super High Impact POM	
Higher Emission Standards	Low Fuel Permeation POM	Fasteners, fuel tanks & lines

Fortron® PPS

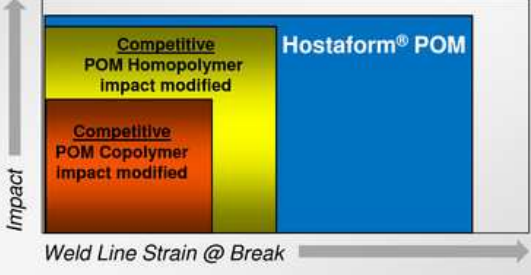
Challenge	Solution	Image
Low Halogen with Dimensional Stability	Low Halogen PPS	
		Laptop/tablet covers

Vectra® LCP/Zenite® LCP

Challenge	Solution	Image
Complex Part Geometries	High Flow, Dimensionally Stable LCP	
		Printer components

Example: Hostaform® POM Performance

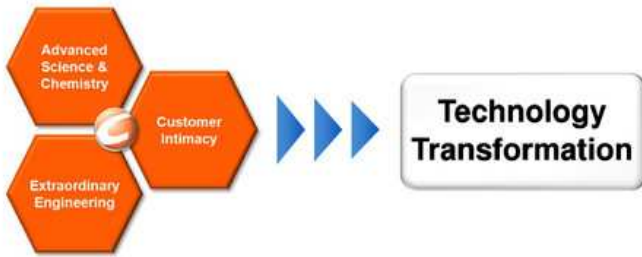
High Impact Hostaform® POM



The graph plots 'Impact' on the vertical axis and 'Weld Line Strain @ Break' on the horizontal axis. It compares Hostaform® POM (blue bar) with two competitive products: 'Competitive POM Homopolymer Impact modified' (yellow bar) and 'Competitive POM Copolymer Impact modified' (orange bar). Hostaform® POM shows the highest performance in both metrics.

Enabling technology to transform with emerging trends

Transformation
Through
Technology



AEM Success Story

Leading Smartphones

Customer Need

New polymers for high resolution compact camera module

AEM Technology Transformation

Patent pending high flow Vectra® LCP technology concept

Results

Commercialized in leading smartphones

**Additional
Addressable Space**

\$10+ million

Example: Camera Phone Evolution

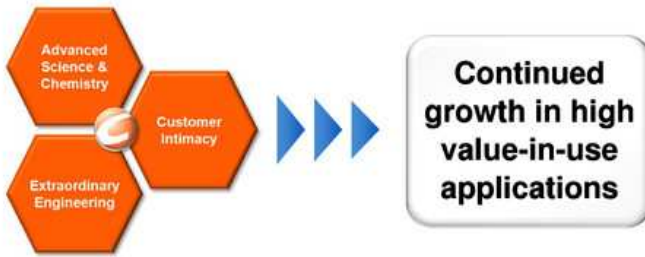


- ▶ Rapid evolution in functionality
- ▶ Complex, highly engineered parts required

We collaborate with customers to enable technology evolution

As complexity increases, AEM provides solutions

Transformation
Through
Technology



AEM Success Story

Automotive Fuel Systems

Customer Need

- ▶ Lightweight, strong, electrically conductive
- ▶ High impact and chemical resistance

AEM Technology Transformation

POM copolymer (Hostaform®) and linear PPS (Fortron®) solutions

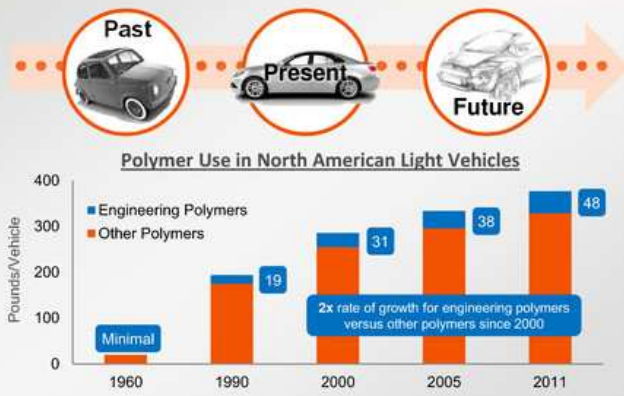
Results

Global leader in automotive fuel systems

Addressable Space

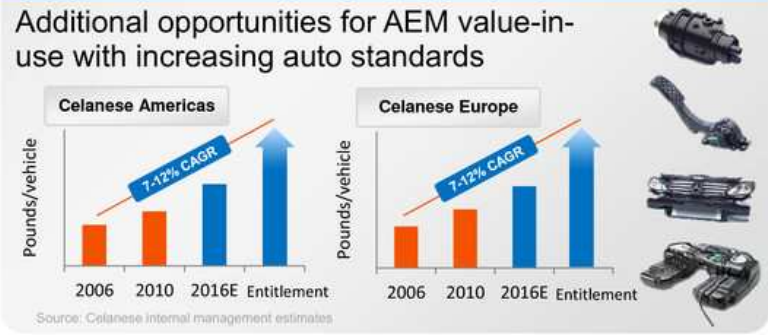
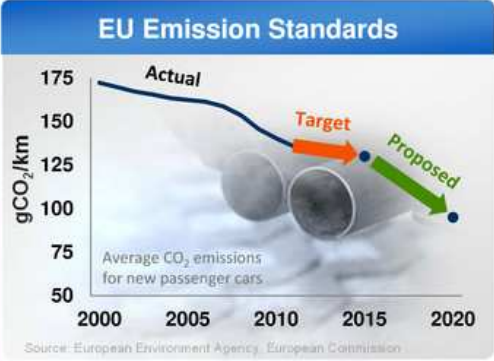
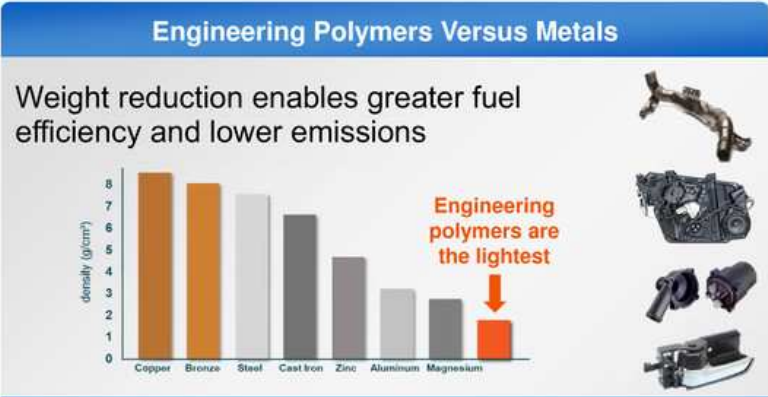
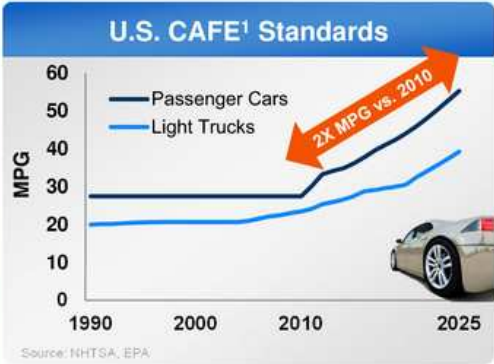
\$500+ million

Platform Example: Light Vehicles



\$500+ million sales with high growth in global transportation sector

AEM positioned for continued value-in-use

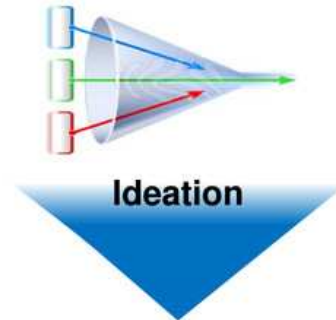


Global dynamics support opportunity to build on existing success

¹ Corporate Average Fuel Economy standards as regulated by the NHTSA

Expanding our expertise into new applications

Transformation
Through
Technology



Composite Technology		Polymer for New Fuel Applications	
	Resource Scarcity		Environment
	Drives need for deep sea and deep forest oil and gas exploration		New EPA standards to reduce evaporative emissions
Addressable Space	Industry looking for high strength-to-weight ratio solutions	Addressable Space	Industry looking for high impact and low fuel permeation
\$1 billion	Applications in cables, spoolable pipe, risers and umbilicals	>\$500 million	Applications in tank fuel lines and small fuel engine tanks

New applications provide accelerated growth opportunity

Well established strategic growth platforms

Addressable Space of \$25+ billion

 Consumer Personal care products, toys, lawn & garden equipment, durable household goods	 Medical Orthopedic implants, drug delivery devices, medical device components, diagnostic systems
 Electrical & Electronics Connectors, sockets, sensors, switches, motor components, lighting, contactor housings	 Specialty Applications Including fibers, ropes, textiles
 Industrial Fluid handling, bearing & gear applications, material transport equipment	 Transportation Fuel & safety systems, interior & exterior components, power train & chassis, under the hood applications

+

**New Transformational Opportunities**
Including oil & gas, composites, separations, additives

\$7+ billion
of additional addressable space

Adding new strategic platforms to broaden growth opportunities

Specialty Engineering Polymers Summary

Transformation
Through
Technology

Providing More Than Just Materials





Cellulosic Technologies

Todd Elliott

Cellulosic Technologies

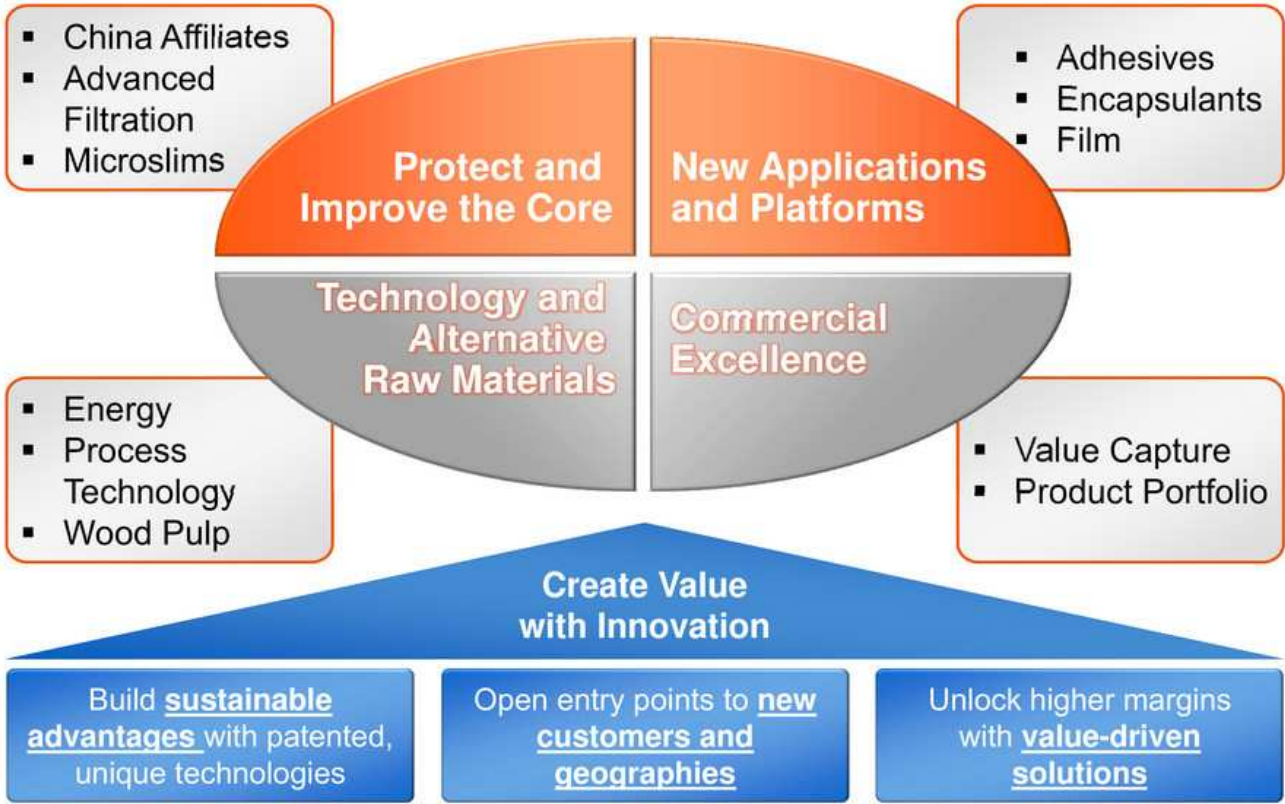


Acetate Strategic Overview



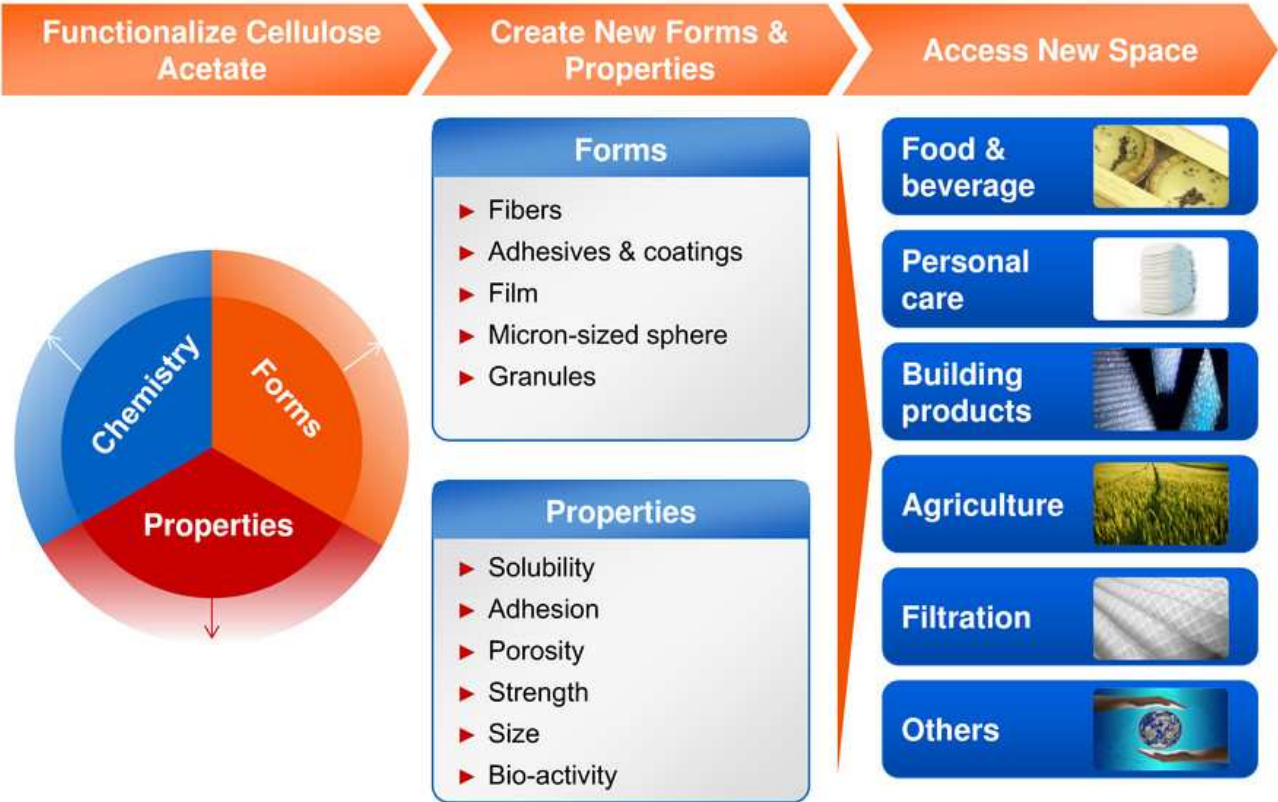
- ▶ **Strong global franchise**
 - Deep customer relationships
 - Earnings growth & cash generation
- ▶ **Well positioned geographically**
 - China affiliates
 - Global manufacturing footprint
- ▶ **Process technology excellence**
 - Operational efficiency
- ▶ **Product innovation for growth**
 - Target space expansion
 - Pipeline quality

Strategic Prioritization



Acetate approach to addressing customer needs

Transformation
Through
Technology



Well positioned for global trends

Transformation
Through
Technology

Resource Scarcity	
Growing Middle Class	
Environment	
Technology	
Safety, Health & Wellness	

Product Attributes

Bio-sourced	Bio-degradable
Food Safe	Form Flexible

Current Business Capabilities

- Acetylation Process & Technology
- Tobacco Industry / Manufacturing
- Particulate Filtration
- Fiber Forming and Spinning
- Luxury Package Lamination
- Customer Intimacy

Flexible polymer based on renewable feedstock

Trends generating unique needs

Total Value of Addressable Space
~\$55 billion



Bio-plastics

- ▶ Green Solutions
- ▶ Food and Water
- ▶ Regulations



Specialty Fibers

- ▶ Health
- ▶ Energy
- ▶ Population Dynamics



Encapsulation

- ▶ Food and Beverage
- ▶ Health
- ▶ Regulations
- ▶ Green Solutions



Tobacco

- ▶ Regulations
- ▶ Health
- ▶ Population Dynamics



Film

- ▶ Health
- ▶ Food and Water
- ▶ Green Solutions



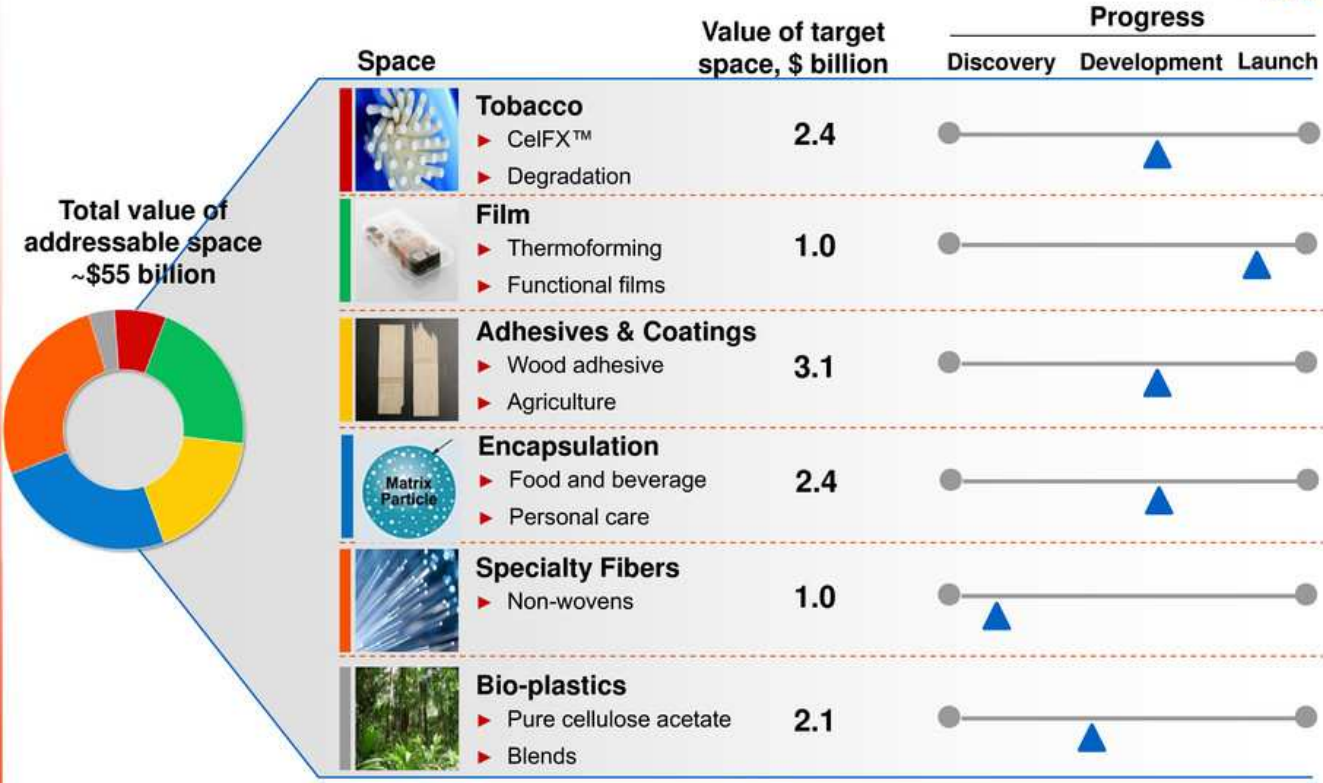
Adhesives & Coatings

- ▶ Regulations
- ▶ Health
- ▶ Green Solutions

Real challenges in large addressable spaces

Progress in target space

Transformation
Through
Technology



Significant growth potential in \$12 billion target space

Source: Euromonitor, SRI, BCC Research, Japan Trade Organization, IHS, external expert interviews, and Celanese internal management estimates





Case Study: CelFX™ Matrix Technology



1 Improved constituent reduction

2 Broad choice of additives

3 Increased design flexibility

4 Lower particle breakthrough

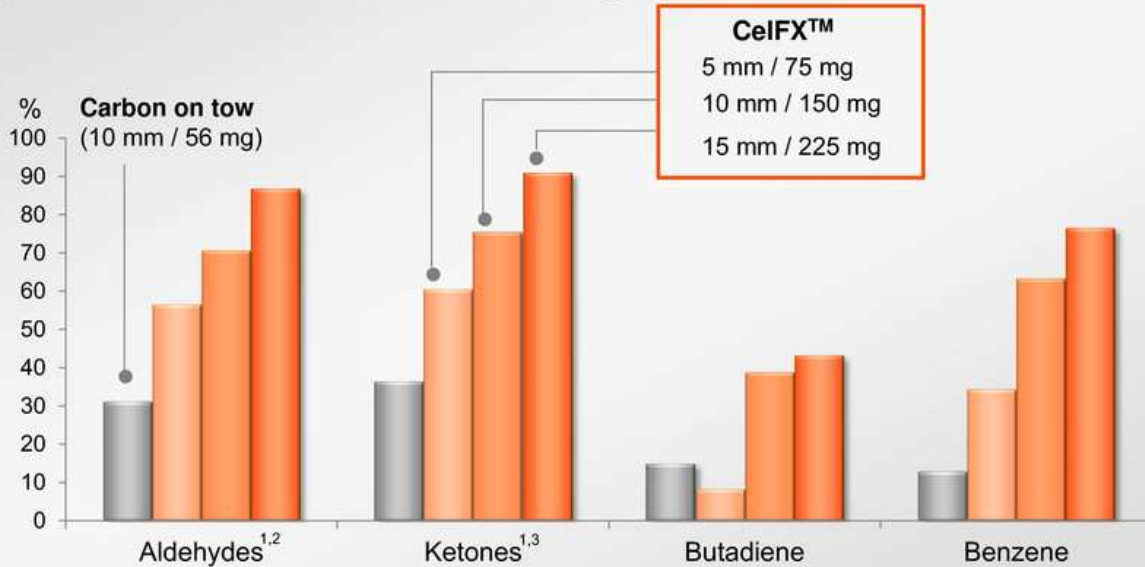
5 Production compatible

Initial target space worth \$2.4 billion



Case Study: CelFX™ Matrix Technology

% reduction in gas phase constituent levels compared with standard mono-acetate filter cigarettes



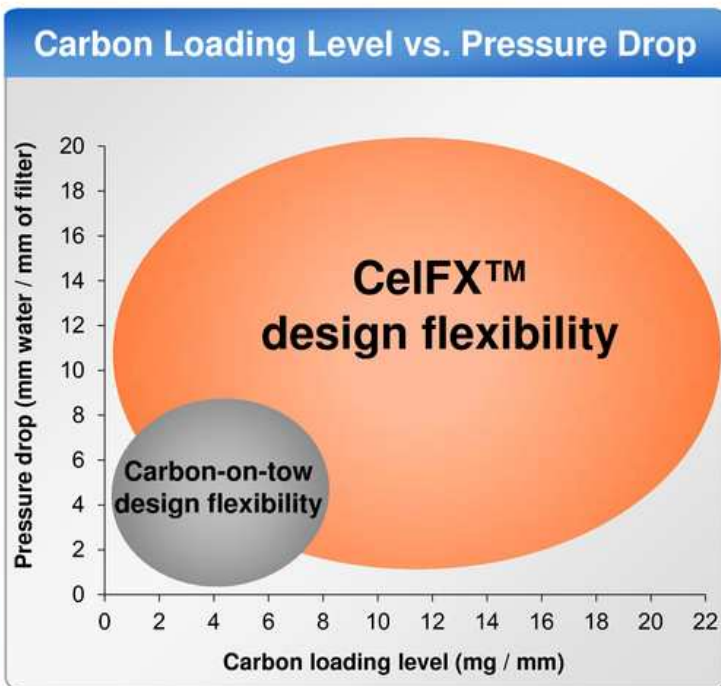
Significant increase in constituent reduction performance

¹ Represents simple weighted average in reduction performance across more than 1 constituent
² Includes formaldehyde, acetaldehyde, acrolein, propionaldehyde, crotonaldehyde and butyraldehyde
³ Includes acetone and methyl ethyl ketone
Source: Celanese internal test results





Case Study: CelFX™ Matrix Technology



- ### Design Flexibility
- ▶ Possible to load same levels with less space
 - ▶ Broader range of drawability options
 - ▶ Freed up filter “real estate” for other innovations

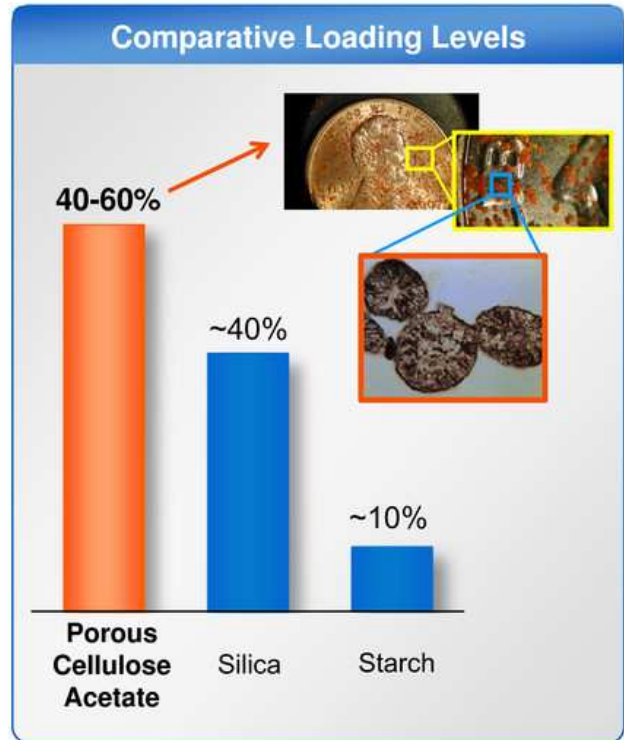
Increased operating space



Case Study: Porous Cellulose Acetate

Trends	
Applications	Encapsulation needs
Food & Beverage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Protection from elements ▶ Masking of tastes/odors/colors
Personal Care	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Controlled delivery ▶ Prevent premature reactions/interactions
Pharma	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Converting liquids to solids ▶ Reduce volatility

Cellulose Solution	
▶ Micron-sized spheres	▶ Fiber-based material
▶ High internal surface area	▶ Good loading levels
▶ "Tunable" outer shell	▶ Non-caloric
	▶ Naturally sourced



Efficient use of encapsulation materials

Cellulosic technology innovation drives growth strategy

Transformation
Through
Technology





Sweetener Solutions

Diana Peninger

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Nutrinova



A Leading "Sweet Taste Solution Provider"

(Acesulfame potassium)

SunsationSM artificial sweetener platform

Natural sweetener/enhancer platform

- ▶ Accelerating highly profitable growth through advanced sweetener solutions
- ▶ Application technology offers customers significant benefits in taste and speed to market
- ▶ Extending sweetener leading position with a robust next generation technology pipeline

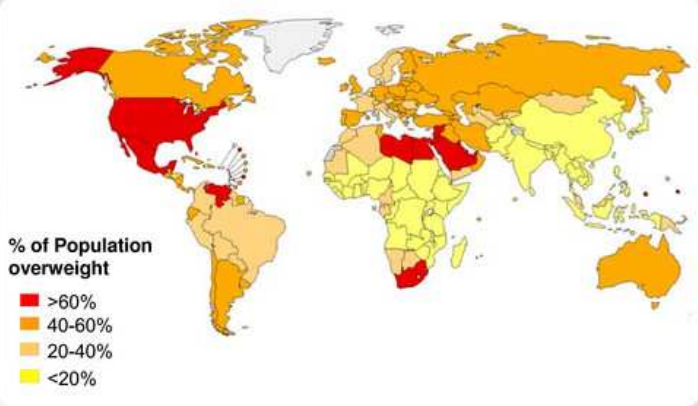
Global epidemic health concerns drive need for healthy food alternatives

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Obesity has doubled in last two decades

- ▶ More than 1.4 billion adults overweight; 0.5 billion are obese
- ▶ Greater than 40 million children under five are overweight



Reduced sugar products



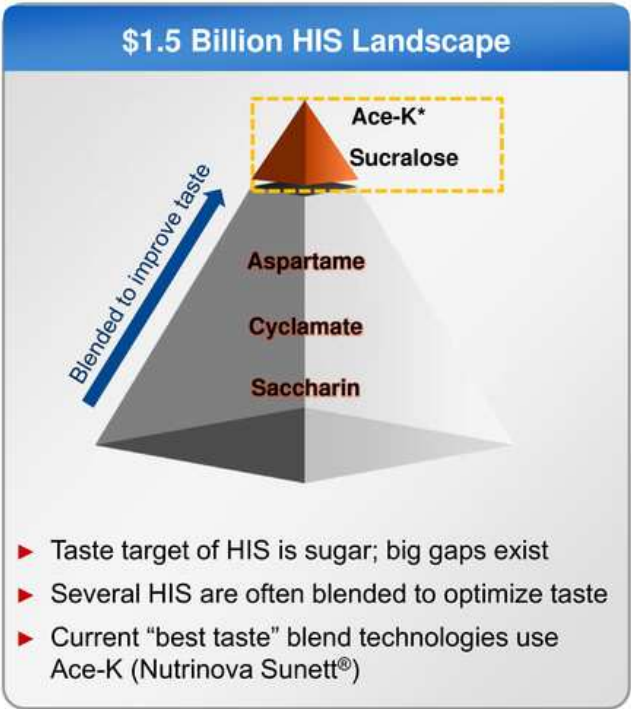
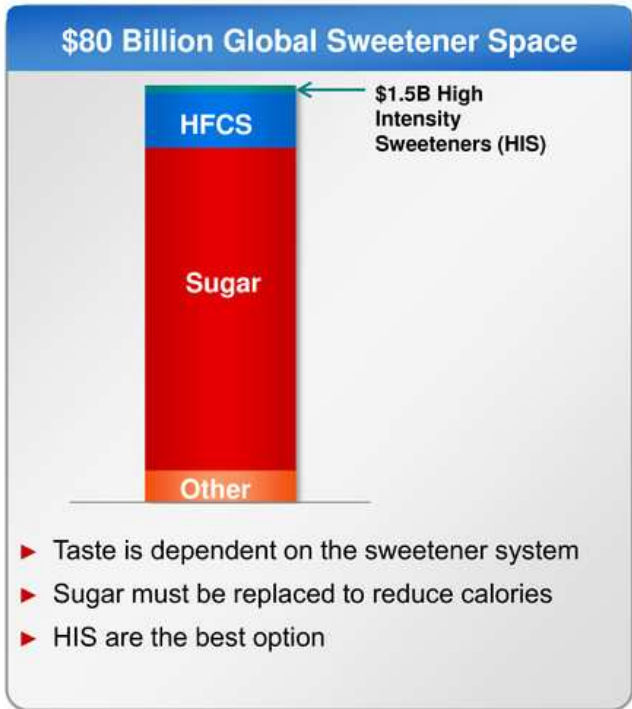
More functional ingredients (e.g. heart, digestive, energy)



Increased natural ingredients

But, consumers will not compromise on sweet taste!

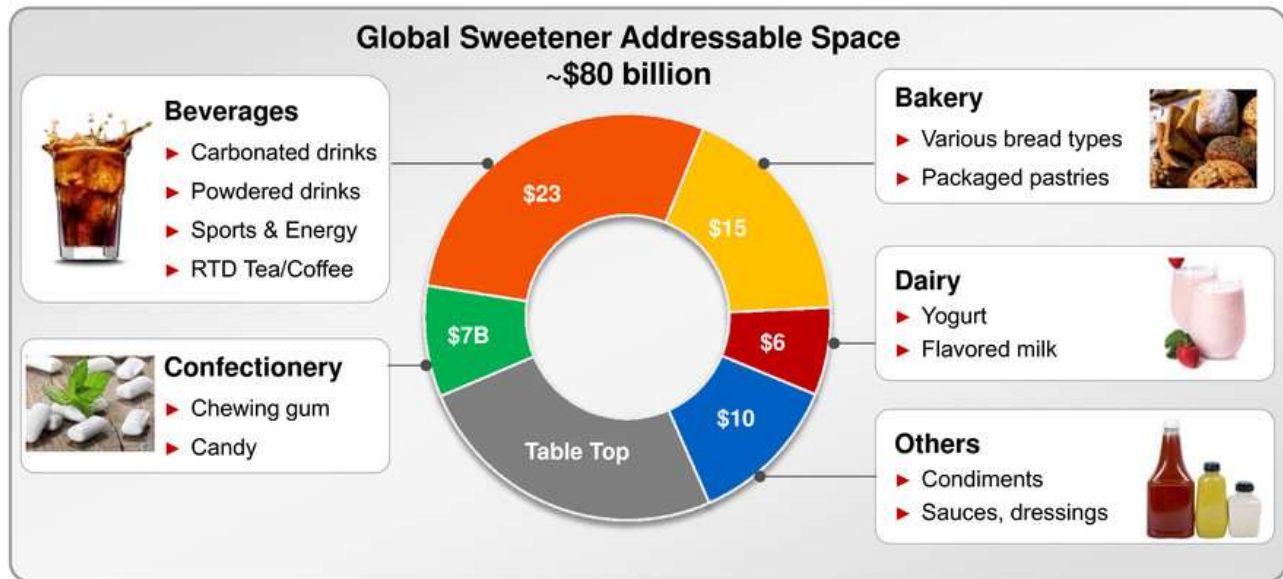
Capture growth as improved taste drives lower calories



Achieving the target sweet taste is complex

Individual application sweetening solutions required

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- ▶ Specific characteristics demanding discrete solutions
- ▶ Each brand/product requires individual formulations to match desired taste profiles
- ▶ As complexity increases, deep expertise using HIS in sub-segments is critical

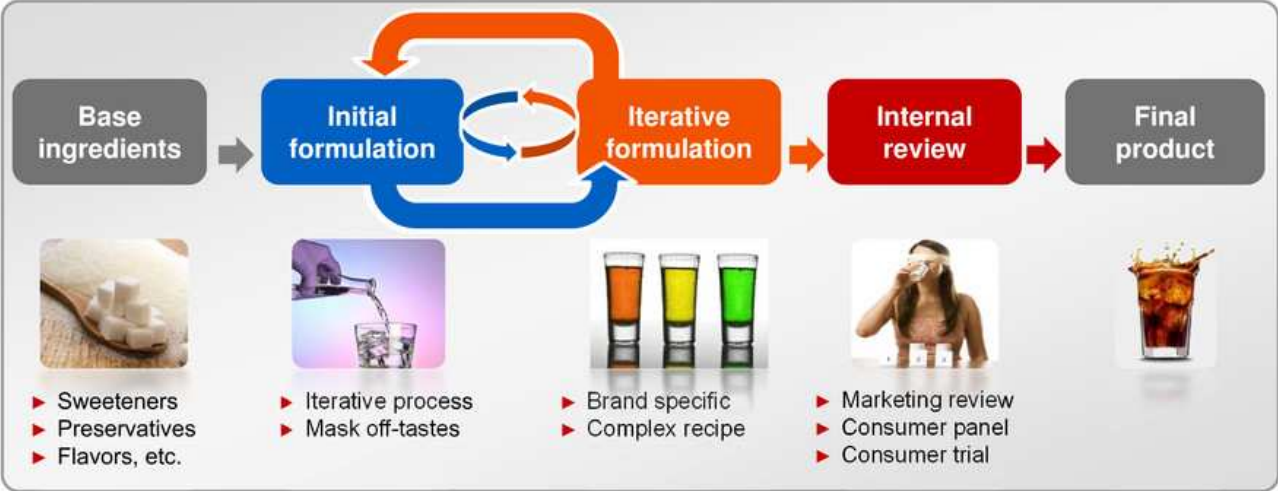
Nutrinova provides leading sweet taste application expertise

Source: Celanese internal management analysis, Freedonia "Alternative Sweeteners" 2011, IBIS, PR Web, Leatherhead "The Global Market for Intense Sweeteners" 2010, Reb A- A Market Analysis



Nutrinova application expertise critical to reduce iterations

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Other complex formulations require HIS to:

- ▶ Replace sugar bulking volume
- ▶ Provide mouth-feel (viscosity)
- ▶ Survive processing conditions

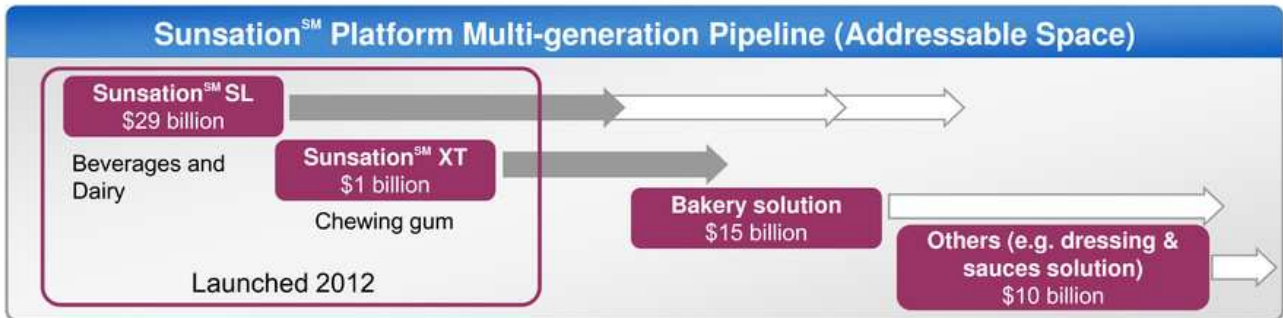
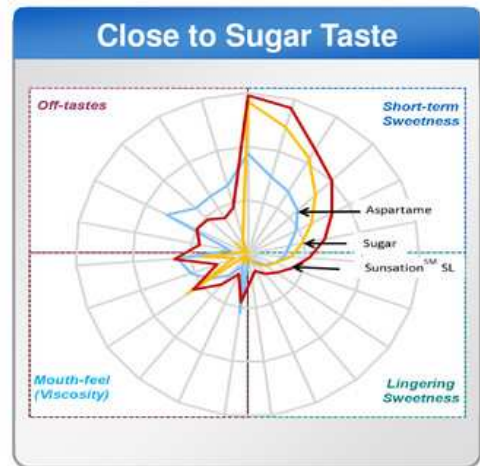
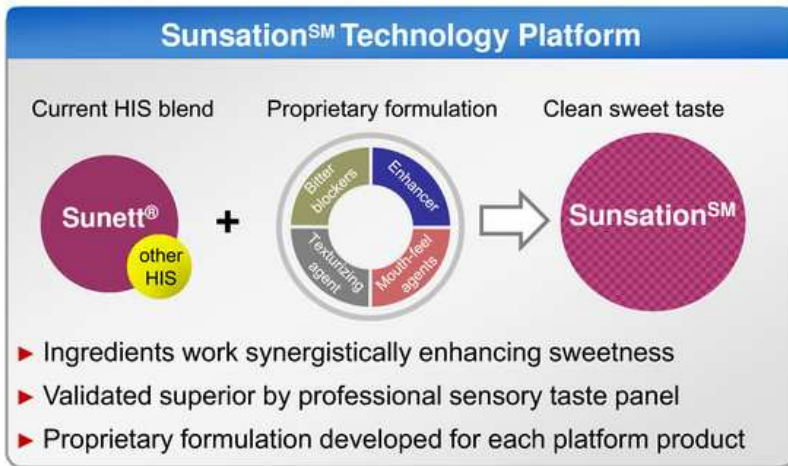


Bringing value to customers to reach their calorie reduction targets



Nutrinova's new advanced sweet taste technology platform

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Technology



Source: Celanese internal management analysis, Freedonia "Alternative Sweeteners" 2011, IBIS, PR Web, Leatherhead "The Global Market for Intense Sweeteners" 2010, Reb A- A Market Analysis





Commercial launch progressing above expectations

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Technology

Expand Globally with Multinationals

- ▶ Building on existing global R&D relationships
- ▶ Offering regional taste flexibility for local brands

Key Regional Customers

- ▶ Local relationships support quick product launch
- ▶ Need “at the bench” formulation expertise

Global Sun sationSM Projects



Over 200 customer development projects:

- ▶ **10-15% of the total addressable space**
- ▶ Carbonated, still and powdered beverages, juices and yogurt applications

Converting <1% of target application space would increase revenue by \$250-300 million

Securing sweetener leading position into the future: Next generation Natural Sweetener program

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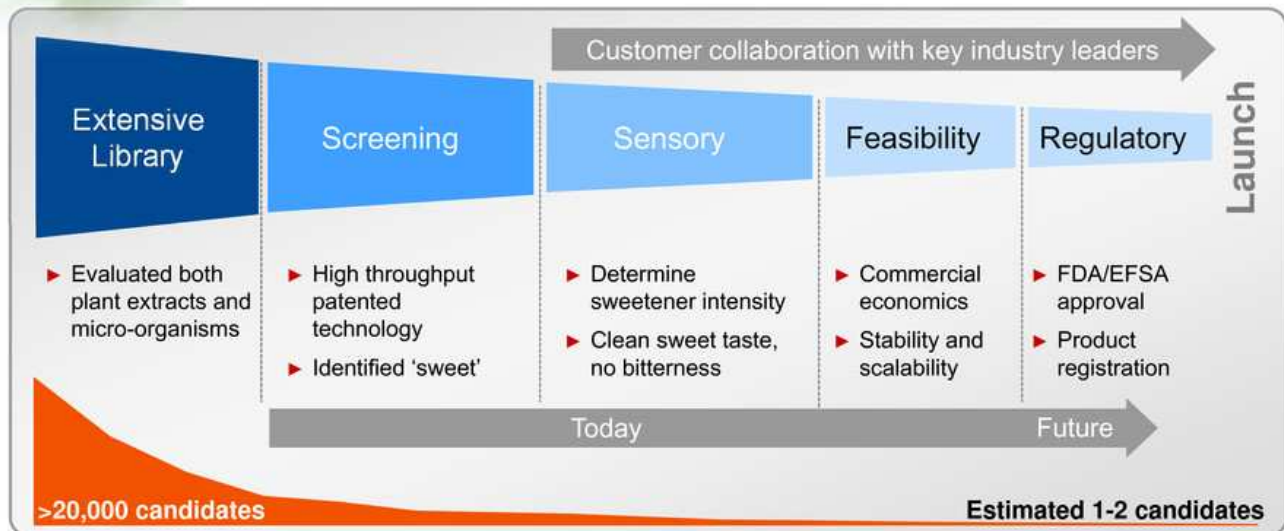


Growing Consumer Trend

- ▶ Increasing desire for all-natural food and beverage ingredients
- ▶ Bio-grown products have >100% year-over-year growth

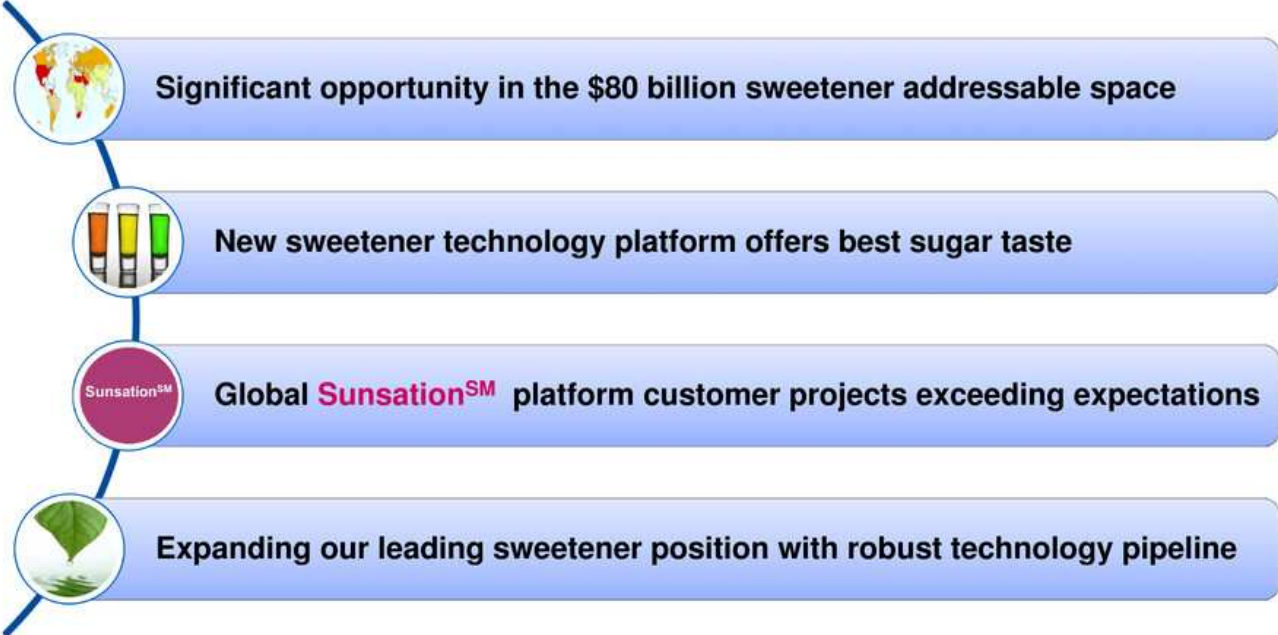
Significant Potential

- ▶ >200% year-over-year growth experienced by recently introduced natural sweeteners
- ▶ Global natural sweetener space is potential opportunity



Sweetener Solutions Summary

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Accelerating sustainable, highly profitable growth through advanced sweet taste technology



Balancing Growth and Shareholder Returns

Steven Sterin

Senior Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

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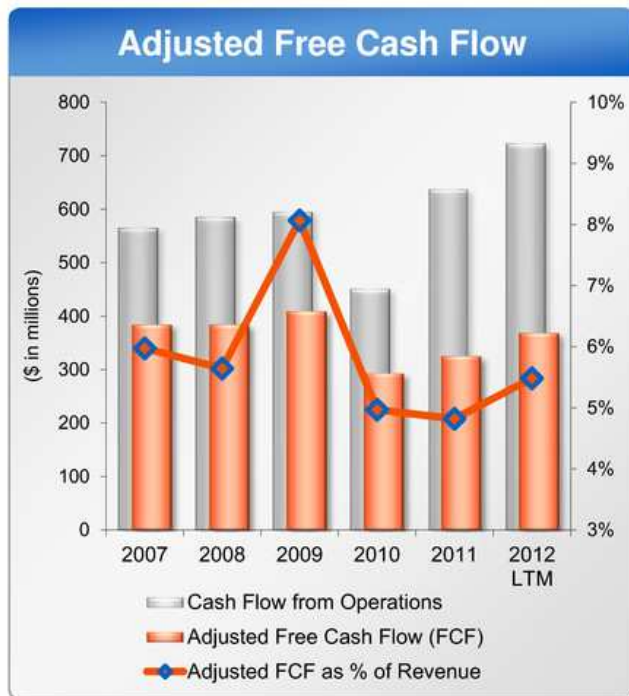


Balanced Cash Deployment Strategy



Continue to invest in growth, improve our balance sheet, and return cash to shareholders to maximize shareholder value

Track record of strong cash flow generation



Operating Cash Deployment

Capital Investment

- ▶ ~\$400 million capital spending/year
- ▶ Strong financial discipline:
 - > 15-20% IRR on growth projects
 - > 25-30% IRR on productivity projects

Pension

- ▶ Recent funding laws have reduced near-term contribution requirements

Taxes

- ▶ Majority of U.S. operating losses utilized by 2010
- ▶ Favorable cash tax rate remains

Working Capital

- ▶ Target < 14% of revenue

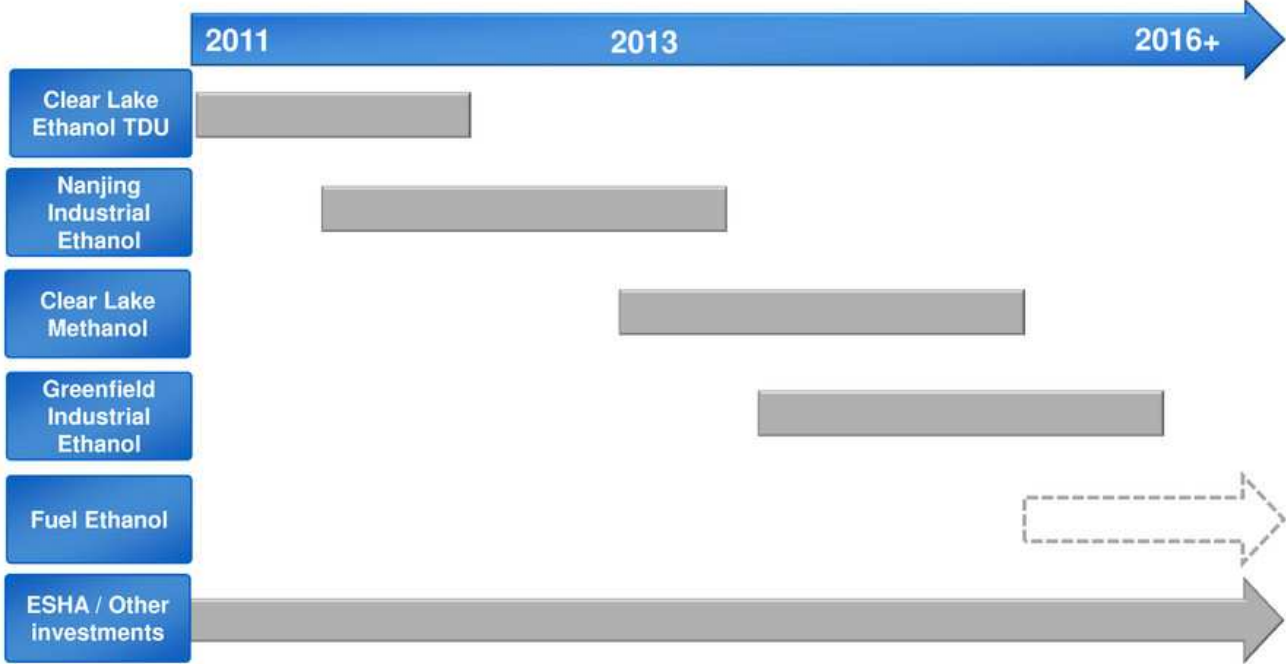
Cash flow growth reflects financial discipline and execution culture

Source: Celanese 10K and 10Q filings, earnings release slides
2012 LTM = Last twelve months as of June 30, 2012



Capital spending reflects growth opportunities

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Expect annual capital spending ~\$400 million over next several years

Progressing towards investment grade



Debt Objectives

- ▶ Maintain broad market access
- ▶ Reduce leverage over time
- ▶ Reduce secured debt
- ▶ Maintain low borrowing costs
- ▶ Extend / stagger debt maturities
- ▶ Maintain covenant flexibility

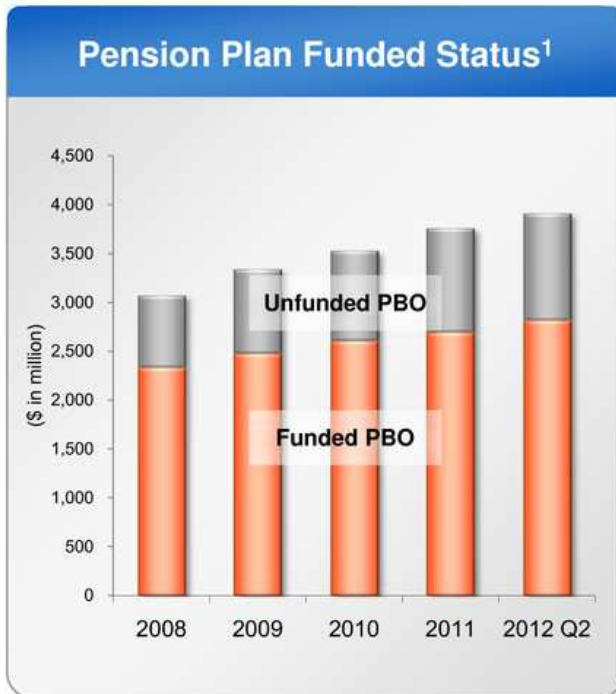
~\$850 million debt pay down since 2007

Source: Celanese 10K and 10Q filings. 2012 LTM = Last twelve months as of June 30, 2012

¹ Major debt maturity profile net of annual debt amortization of term loans; excludes capital leases, pollution bonds, and credit linked revolving facility



Pension Strategy



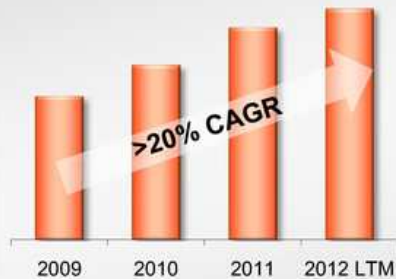
- ### Pension Funding Strategy
- ▶ Recent, extended low interest rate environment has elevated GAAP unfunded pension liabilities
 - ▶ \$470 million of pension contributions from Dec. 31, 2004 to June 30, 2012
 - ▶ Recent funding law changes result in lower range of pension cash outflows over operating EBITDA base
 - \$110 – \$120 million in 2012
 - ~\$50 million in 2013²
 - ▶ Sufficient operating cash flows to cover ongoing funding

Pension funding requirements will not inhibit growth strategy

Source: Celanese 10K filings and company estimates
¹ Funded status of Pension Benefit Obligations (PBO) : includes assets held in non-qualified trusts
² Based on today's interest rates and expected returns

Continue to increase return of cash to shareholders

Consistently Increasing Dividend



- ▶ Average annual growth of dividend >20% since 2009
- ▶ ~\$150 million dividends paid from Dec. 31, 2006 to June 30, 2012

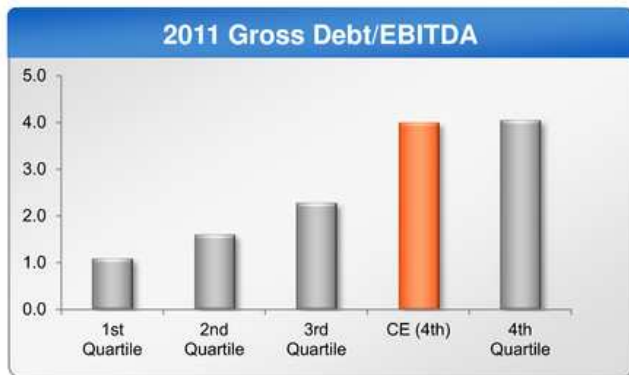
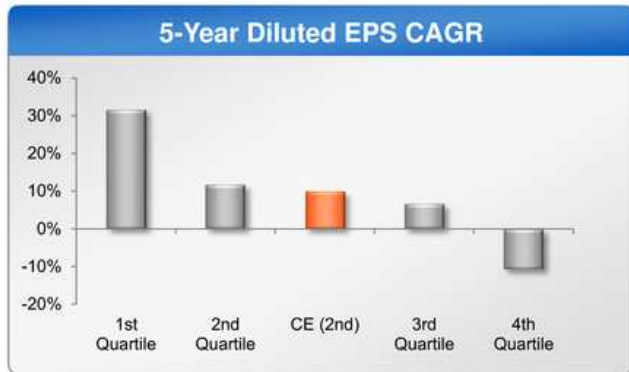
Share Repurchases

- ▶ Opportunistic repurchases
- ▶ Repurchased ~\$890 million of shares reducing share count by ~23.6 million from Dec. 31, 2006 to June 30, 2012
- ▶ Average share repurchase price less than \$38

Over \$1 billion returned to shareholders since 2007

Celanese performance versus peers

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Source: FactSet. Value of each quartile represents the median of each quartile

EPS = Diluted earnings per common share from continuing operations

Gross debt = Total debt + Unfunded pension (excluding assets held in non-qualified trusts)

Peer companies include ALB, ASH, AVY, CBT, CF, CYT, DD, DOW, EMN, FMC, FUL, GRA, HUN, IFF, MTX, NEU, OLN, OMG, PPG, ROC, SHLM, SIAL, and SXT in the Dow Jones US Chemicals Index, excluding APD, ARG, PX, CCC, CHMT, EOL, LYB, MOS, PPO, RPM, and SOA due to different business models or data availability



Actions to achieve top quartile performance

Earnings Growth

- ▶ Continue to make focused technology investments
- ▶ Expect high translation of technology investments into earnings growth
- ▶ Debt reduction expected to reduce interest cost

Return on Invested Capital

- ▶ Technology investments will be capital-efficient
- ▶ Process technology advantages drive high capital return
- ▶ Maintain strict financial discipline

Gross Debt/EBITDA

- ▶ Continue to reduce debt
- ▶ Delever through EBITDA growth
- ▶ Move to investment grade over time
- ▶ Continue to fund pension plans

Free Cash Flow/Sales

- ▶ Control working capital
- ▶ ~\$400 million in capex with high returns
- ▶ Reduce interest and pension burden through delevering

Excellent Total Shareholder Return since IPO



Premier TSR

- ▶ History is in-line with specialty chemical peers
- ▶ > 2x S&P 500 average
- ▶ Recent corporate actions
 - Continuing to increase shareholder dividends
 - Opportunistic share repurchases

Track record of significant improvement; opportunities still exist

This comparison is based on a return assuming \$100 invested January 21, 2005 (IPO date) in Celanese Corporation Common Stock and the S&P 500 Composite Index, the S&P 500 Chemicals Index and the S&P Specialty Chemicals Index, assuming the reinvestment of all dividends

Balanced Cash Deployment Strategy



Continue to invest in growth, improve our balance sheet, and return cash to shareholders to maximize shareholder value



Reconciliations of non-U.S. GAAP financial measures

Reg G: Business segment data and reconciliation of operating profit (loss) to operating EBITDA – a non-U.S. GAAP measure – unaudited

	Year Ended December 31, 2011
<i>(In \$ millions)</i>	
Net Sales	
Advanced Engineered Materials ¹	1,298
Consumer Specialties ²	1,161
Industrial Specialties ³	1,223
Acetyl Intermediates ⁴	3,351
Other Activities ⁵	1
Intersegment eliminations ⁶	(471)
Total	6,763
Operating Profit (Loss)	
Advanced Engineered Materials	76
Consumer Specialties	227
Industrial Specialties	100
Acetyl Intermediates	459
Other Activities ⁷	(172)
Total	690
Other Charges and Other Adjustments²	
Advanced Engineered Materials	60
Consumer Specialties	23
Industrial Specialties	1
Acetyl Intermediates	(3)
Other Activities ⁸	18
Total	99
Depreciation and Amortization Expense⁹	
Advanced Engineered Materials	97
Consumer Specialties	36
Industrial Specialties	45
Acetyl Intermediates	96
Other Activities ¹⁰	13
Total	287
Equity Earnings, Cost - Dividend Income and Other Income (Expense)	
Advanced Engineered Materials	163
Consumer Specialties	80
Industrial Specialties	2
Acetyl Intermediates	10
Other Activities ¹¹	21
Total	286
Operating EBITDA	
Advanced Engineered Materials ¹²	306
Consumer Specialties ¹³	366
Industrial Specialties ¹⁴	148
Acetyl Intermediates ¹⁵	562
Other Activities ¹⁶	(110)
Total	1,332
Depreciation and amortization expense⁹	(236)
Operating EBIT	1,054
Operating EBIT Margin	16%

¹ Other Activities primarily includes corporate selling, general and administrative expenses and the results from captive insurance companies.

² See Other Charges and Other Adjustments, Reg G reconciliation for details.

³ Excludes accelerated depreciation and amortization associated with plant closures included in Other Charges and Other Adjustments above.

⁴ Net Sales for Technology-Enabled Chemistry includes Acetyl Intermediates business segment and excludes \$466 million of intersegment sales.

⁵ Net Sales for Customer-Oriented Solutions includes Advanced Engineered Materials, Consumer Specialties and Industrial Specialties business segments and excludes \$3 million of intersegment sales.

⁶ Operating EBITDA for Technology-Enabled Chemistry includes Acetyl Intermediates business segment.

⁷ Operating EBITDA for Customer-Oriented Solutions includes Advanced Engineered Materials, Consumer Specialties and Industrial Specialties business segments.

⁸ Includes accelerated depreciation and amortization associated with plant closures included in Other Charges and Other Adjustments above.

Reg G: Reconciliation of consolidated net earnings (loss) to operating EBITDA – a non-U.S. GAAP measure – unaudited

(In \$ millions)	2012 LTM ¹	Year Ended December 31,		
		2011	2010	2009
Net earnings (loss)	655	607	377	498
(Earnings) loss from discontinued operations	1	(1)	49	(4)
Interest income	(3)	(3)	(7)	(8)
Interest expense	199	221	204	207
Refinancing expense	-	3	16	-
Income tax provision (benefit)	10	149	112	(243)
Depreciation and amortization expense ²	299	287	258	290
Other charges (gains), net ³	36	48	46	136
Other adjustments ²	77	51	67	(19)
Operating EBITDA	1,274	1,362	1,122	857
Depreciation and amortization expense ⁴		(298)		
Operating EBIT		1,064		
Operating EBITDA/ Interest Expense	6.4	6.2	5.5	4.1

(In \$ millions)	2012 LTM ¹	Year Ended December 31,		
		2011	2010	2009
Advanced Engineered Materials		3		
Consumer Specialties		8		
Industrial Specialties		-		
Acetyl Intermediates		-		
Other Activities ⁵		-		
Accelerated depreciation and amortization expense	4	11	29	18
Depreciation and amortization expense ²	299	287	258	290
Total depreciation and amortization expense	303	298	287	308

¹ Last twelve months as of June 30, 2012.

² Excludes accelerated depreciation and amortization expense as detailed in the table above and is included in Other adjustments above.

³ See Other Charges and Other Adjustments Reg G reconciliation for details.

⁴ Includes accelerated depreciation and amortization expense as detailed in the table above and is included in Other adjustments above.

⁵ Other Activities primarily includes corporate selling, general and administrative expenses and the results from captive insurance companies.

Reg G: Other charges and other adjustments – reconciliation of a non-U.S. GAAP measure – unaudited

<i>(In \$ millions)</i>	2012 LTM ¹	Year Ended December 31,		
		2011	2010	2009
Employee termination benefits	10	22	32	105
Plant/office closures	-	-	4	17
Ticona Kelsterbach plant relocation	20	47	26	16
Plumbing actions	(2)	(6)	(59)	(10)
Asset impairments	1	1	74	14
Insurance recoveries	-	-	(18)	(6)
Commercial disputes	7	(15)	(13)	-
Other	-	(1)	-	-
Total	36	48	46	136

Other Adjustments:²

<i>(In \$ millions)</i>	2012 LTM ¹	Year Ended December 31,			Income Statement Classification
		2011	2010	2009	
Business optimization	11	8	16	7	Cost of sales / SG&A
Ticona Kelsterbach plant relocation	17	8	(13)	-	Cost of sales
Plant closures	11	18	17	25	Cost of sales / SG&A
Contract termination	-	-	22	-	Cost of sales
(Gain) loss on disposition of businesses and assets, net	(1)	(1)	(10)	(34)	(Gain) loss on disposition
Write-off of other productive assets	-	(1)	18	-	Cost of sales
Commercial disputes	8	8	-	-	Cost of sales
Acetate production interruption costs	10	-	-	-	Cost of sales
Other	21	11	17	(17)	Various
Total	77	51	67	(19)	
Total Other charges and Other adjustments	113	99	113	117	

¹ Last twelve months as of June 30, 2012.

² These items are included in net earnings but not included in Other charges (gains), net.

2011 YTD Other charges and other adjustments by business segment – reconciliation of a non-U.S. GAAP measure – unaudited

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Technology

(In \$ millions)	AEM	CS	IS	AI	Other	Total	Income Statement Classification
Employee termination benefits	8	4	-	4	6	22	
Ticona Kelsterbach plant relocation	47	-	-	-	-	47	
Plumbing actions	(6)	-	-	-	-	(6)	
Asset impairments	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Commercial disputes	-	(1)	-	(18)	4	(15)	
Other	-	-	-	(1)	-	(1)	
Total other charges	49	3	-	(14)	10	48	
Business optimization	-	-	-	-	8	8	Cost of Sales / SG&A
Ticona Kelsterbach plant relocation	8	-	-	-	-	8	Cost of Sales
Plant closures	3	10	1	4	-	18	Cost of Sales / SG&A
(Gain)/loss on disposition of assets	-	-	-	(1)	-	(1)	(Gain) loss on disposition
Write-off of other productive assets	-	-	-	(1)	-	(1)	Cost of Sales
Commercial disputes	-	-	-	8	-	8	Cost of Sales
Other	-	10	-	1	-	11	Cost of Sales
Total other adjustments	11	20	1	11	8	51	
Total other charges and other adjustments	60	23	1	(3)	18	99	

Reg G: Net debt - reconciliation of a non-U.S. GAAP measure – unaudited

<i>(In \$ millions)</i>	2012 LTM ¹	Year Ended December 31,		
		2011	2010	2009
Short-term borrowings and current installments of long-term debt - third party and affiliates	131	144	228	242
Long-term debt	2,845	2,873	2,990	3,259
Total debt	2,976	3,017	3,218	3,501
Cash and cash equivalents	(800)	(682)	(740)	(1,254)
Net debt	2,176	2,335	2,478	2,247
Operating EBITDA	1,274	1,362	1,122	857
Net debt / Operating EBITDA	1.7	1.7	2.2	2.6

¹ Last twelve months as of June 30, 2012.

Reg G: Adjusted free cash flow - reconciliation of a non-U.S. GAAP measure – unaudited

<i>(In \$ millions)</i>	Year Ended December 31,					
	2012 LTM ¹	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Net cash provided by operating activities	724	638	452	596	586	566
Adjustments to operating cash for discontinued operations	12	9	58	2	(3)	84
Net cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations	736	647	510	598	583	650
Capital expenditures	(381)	(349)	(201)	(176)	(274)	(288)
Other charges and adjustments ²	14	28	(15)	(12)	76	23
Adjusted Free Cash Flow	369	326	294	410	385	385
Net Sales	6,729	6,763	5,918	5,082	6,823	6,444
Adjusted Free Cash Flow as % of Net Sales	5.5%	4.8%	5.0%	8.1%	5.6%	6.0%

¹ Last twelve months as of June 30, 2012.

² Amounts primarily associated with Kelsterbach plant related cash expenses, and purchases of other productive assets that are classified as 'investing activities' for U.S. GAAP purposes.

Reg G: Return on invested capital (ROIC) per FactSet - reconciliation of a non-U.S. GAAP measure – unaudited

<i>(In \$ millions)</i>	Year Ended December 31,						5-Year Average
	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	606	426	494	371	326	406	
Long-term debt	2,873	2,990	3,259	3,300	3,284	3,189	
Total equity	1,341	926	586	182	1,062	787	
Total invested capital per FactSet	4,214	3,916	3,845	3,482	4,346	3,976	
ROIC per FactSet	14.9%	11.0%	13.5%	9.5%	7.8%		11.3%

Reg G: Free cash flow per FactSet - reconciliation of a non-U.S. GAAP measure – unaudited

<i>(In \$ millions)</i>	Year Ended December 31,					5-Year Average
	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	
Net cash provided by operating activities	638	452	596	586	566	
Capital expenditures	(349)	(201)	(176)	(274)	(288)	
Free Cash Flow per FactSet	289	251	420	312	278	
Net sales	6,763	5,918	5,082	6,823	6,444	
Free Cash Flow as % of Net Sales per FactSet	4.3%	4.2%	8.3%	4.6%	4.3%	5.1%

Reg G: Reconciliation of consolidated net earnings (loss) to EBITDA per FactSet - a Non-U.S. GAAP Measure - Unaudited

<i>(In \$ millions)</i>	Year Ended December 31, 2011
Net earnings (loss)	607
Earnings from discontinued operations	(1)
Income tax provision	149
Other income	(14)
Dividend income - cost investments	(80)
Interest income	(3)
Refinancing expense	3
Interest expense	221
Equity in net earnings of affiliates	(192)
Loss on disposition of businesses and assets, net	2
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	-
Other charges	48
Depreciation, amortization and accretion ¹	311
EBITDA per FactSet	1,051

<i>(In \$ millions)</i>	Year Ended December 31, 2011
Operating EBITDA	1,362
Depreciation and amortization expense ²	(287)
Other adjustments ³	(51)
Dividend income - cost investments	(80)
Other income	(14)
Equity in net earnings of affiliates	(192)
Loss on disposition of businesses and assets, net	2
Foreign exchange gain (loss), net	-
Depreciation, amortization and accretion ¹	311
EBITDA per FactSet	1,051

¹ As reported on the consolidated statement of cash flows.

² Excludes accelerated depreciation and amortization associated with plant closures. See reconciliation of Net earnings (loss) to Consolidated Operating EBITDA for details.

³ See Other Charges and Other Adjustments Reg G reconciliation for details.

**Reg G: Gross debt per FactSet - a Non-U.S. GAAP
Measure - Unaudited**

<i>(In \$ millions)</i>	Year Ended December 31, 2011
Total debt	3,017
Unfunded benefit obligation	1,199
Gross debt per FactSet	4,216
EBITDA per FactSet	1,051
Gross debt / EBITDA per FactSet	4.0

